Alejandría

La puerta del mundo

Dr José Ramón Pérez-Accino
Departamento de Historia Antigua
Facultad de Geografía e Historia
Universidad Complutense de Madrid

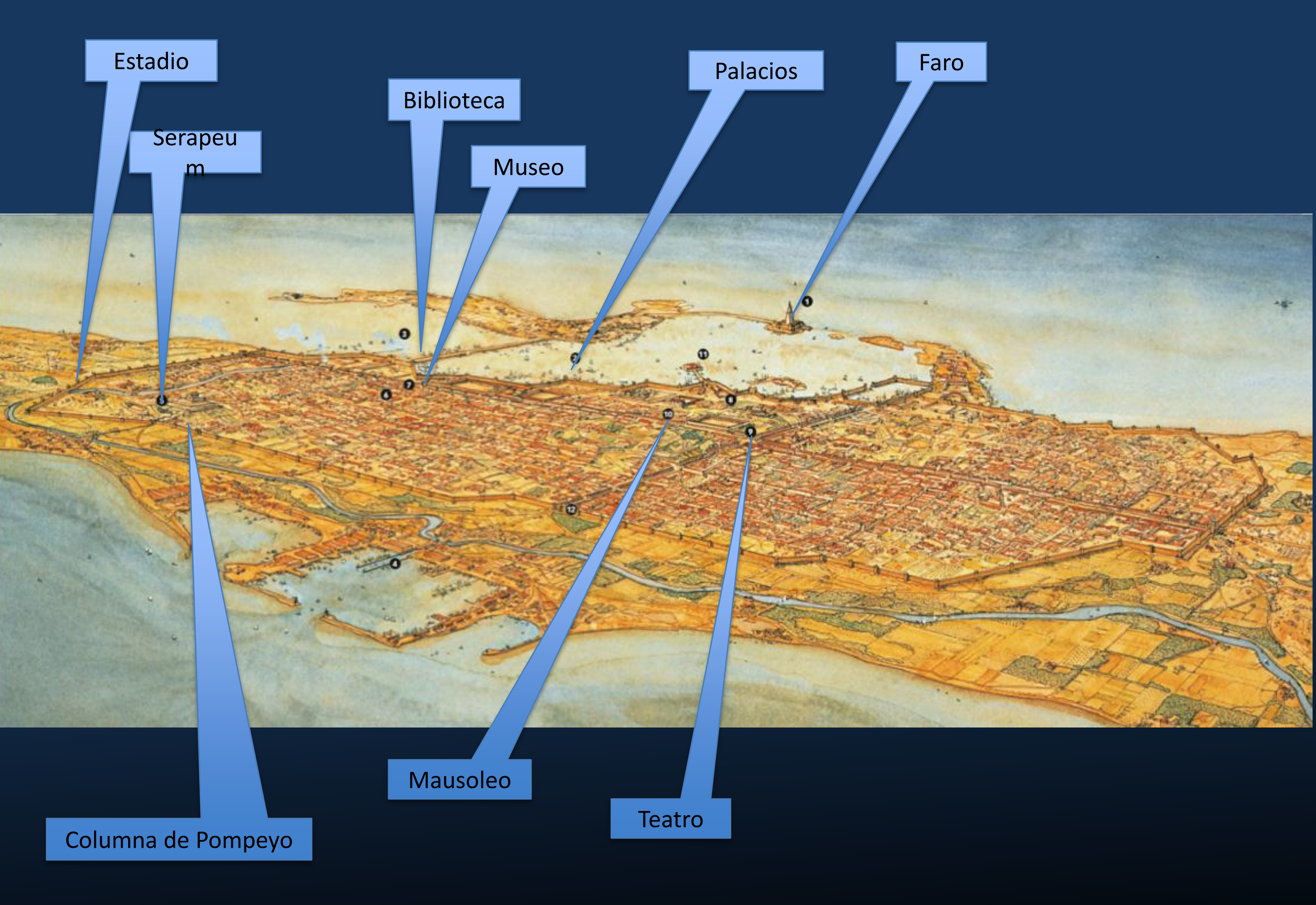





Ancient Alexandria, Egypt,
Mediterranean Sea
PHAROS Lighthouse
GREAT HARBOR
Cleopatra's Needles in front of Caesarium
LIBRARY & MUSEUM
Amphitheatre
Grove of Nemesis
EUNOSTOS HARBOR
PHAROS I.
HEPTASTADION
PRESENT SHORELINE
SERAPEUM
STADIUM
South Wall of the City
Boulevard Aspendia
(Boulevard Argeus)
Mt. Copron
(Meson Pedion)
CANOPIC STREET
CANOPIC GATE
ELEUSIS PLAIN
Eleusinian Underground Complex
Draco River
LAKE MAREOTIS
LAKE CANAL
GREAT MOLE
SUBURB OF THE NECROPOLIS
WESTERN NECROPOLIS
CATACOMBS
FLUVIUS NOVUS
(CANAL OF ALEXANDRIA)
$\phi = +31°12'$ N
$\lambda = +29°15'$ E
www.hypatia-lovers.com



Ancient Alexandria, Egypt,
Mediterranean Sea
MYRMEX
PHAROS (LIGHTHOUSE)
PIER
PHAROS Lighthouse
GREAT HARBOR
PHAROS I.
TEMPLE OF ISIS PHARIAE
Cleopatra's Needles in front of Caesarium
TEMPLE OF ISIS LOCHIAS
MACEDONIAN ACROPOLIS
Amphitheatre
ROMAN CAMP
HYPOGEA
ROMAN MILITARY CEMETERY
TEMPLE
POSIDIUM
FORT
MAIOUMA
TIMONIUM
ANTIRRHODOS
ARSENAL
ELEUSIS-ON-SEA
JEWISH AND CHRISTIAN SEPULCHERS
Grove of Nemesis
JEWISH QUARTER
MACEDONIAN CAMP
VALLIS JUXTA SEPULCRA
PRESENT SHORELINE
HEPTASTADION
LIBRARY & MUSEUM
EMPORIUM CAESARIUM
PALACE
BROUCHEION
DELTA QUARTER
SEPULCHERS
HIPPODROME
TEMPLE OF CERES AND PROSERPINA
EUNOSTOS HARBOR
TEMPLE OF BENDIS
OBELISKS
THEATER
PUBLIC GARDENS
COPRIAE
NAVALIA
ASPENDIA
GYMNASIUM
(Meson Pedion)
CANOPIC STREET
CANOPIAN GATE
ELEUSIS PLAIN
KIBOTOS
FORT
TYCHEUM
AGORA
HADRIAN'S PALACE
TEMPLE OF ISIS PLUSIA
TEMPLE OF SATURN
SUN GATE
COPRIAE
TETRAPYLON
PALESTRA
Mt. Copron
PANEUM
DICOSTERIUM
Eleusinian Underground Complex
MOON GATE
DROMOS
ST. ATHANASIUS
TEMPLE OF SERAPIS
SEMA
THEONAS CH.
FORT
TEMPLE
Boulevard Aspendia
(Boulevard Argeus)
TRANSVERSAL AVE.
BYZANTINE AND ARAB WALLS
MOSQUE OF AMROU
SEPULCHERS
HYPOGEA
ST. PETER MARTYR CEMETERY
SUBURB OF THE NECROPOLIS
ELEUSIS
COPRIAE
CHRISTIAN CATACOMBS
RHAKOTIS
COLUMN OF DIOCLETIAN
SERAPEUM
CATACOMBS
WESTERN NECROPOLIS
HARBOR OF THE RIVER
MOLE
(CANAL OF ALEXANDRIA)
STADIUM
South Wall of the City
PHIALE
FLUVIUS NOVUS
HYPOGEA
Draco River
PORT OF THE LAKE
N
CATACOMBS
LAKE CANAL
GREAT MOLE
φ = +31°12' N
λ = +29°15' E
LAKE MAREOTIS
0
Miles
1
palacios
www.hypatia-lovers.com



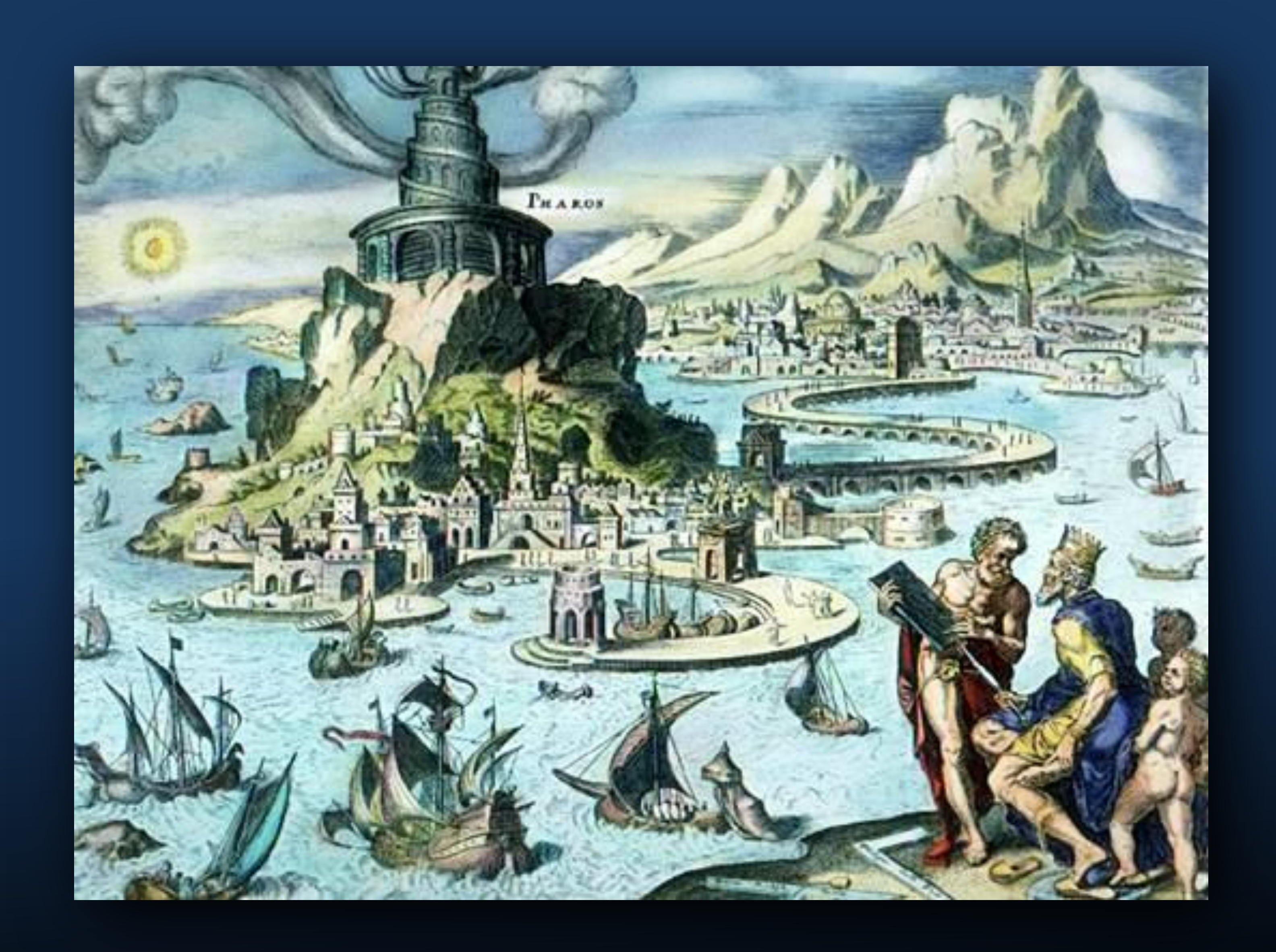
Estadio
Serapeu
m
Biblioteca
Museo
Palacios
Faro
Mausoleo
Teatro
Columna de Pompeyo




1977
ΜΕΓΑΣ ΑΛΕΞΑΝΔΡΟΣ
2300 ΧΡΟΝΙΑ
Ο ΦΑΡΟΣ ΤΗΣ ΑΛΕΞΑΝΔΡΕΙΑΣ
0.50 HELLAS
ΕΛΛΑΣ
L
H
S C
Ο ΦΑ
ΡΟΣ
ΚΘ



Fuerte de Qait Bey (s. XV)


PHAROS


ALEXA NDR IA.
MEDITERR ANEVM MARE



Cleopatra (J.L. Mankiewicz 1963)


Sat
PM


AGORA
WWW.ENTERTAINMENTWALLPAPER.COM

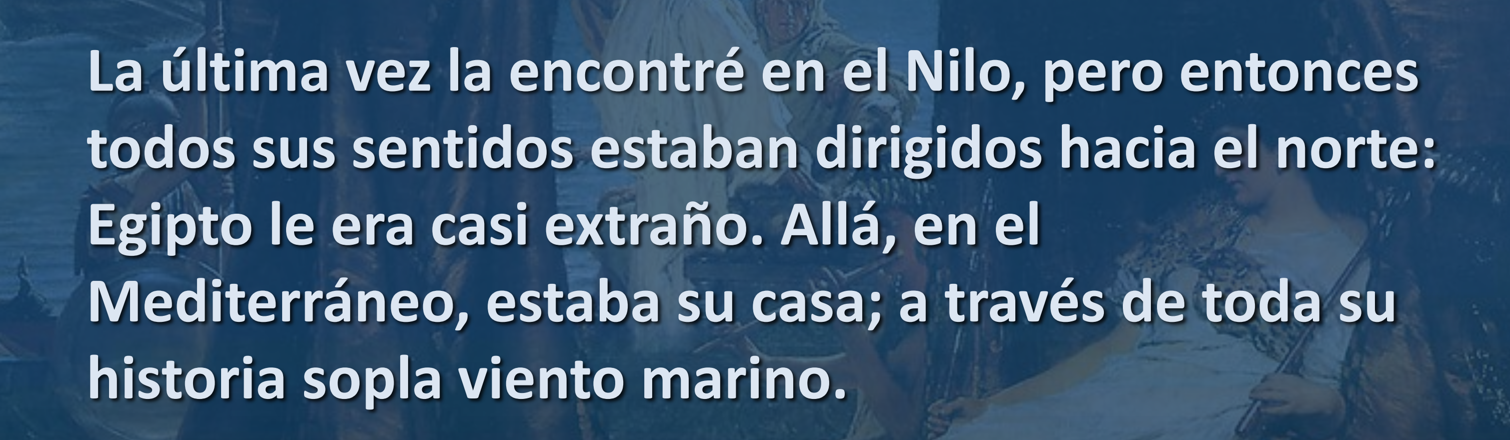


Hipatia



Cleopatra VII VII


20th CENTURY-FOX PRESENTS
ELIZABETH TAYLOR
IN
JOSEPH L. MANKIEWICZ'
CLEOPATRA
STARRING
RICHARD BURTON / REX HARRISON
as "MARK ANTONY"
IN TODD-AO
as "JULIUS CAESAR"
ALSO STARRING
PAMELA BROWN / GEORGE COLE / HUME CRONYN / CESARE DANOVA / KENNETH HAIGH / RODDY McDOWALL
PRODUCED BY
DIRECTED BY
SCREENPLAY BY
NALD MacDOUGALL AND SIDNEY BUCHMAN
MUSIC BY
ALEX NORTH
COLOR BY
DE LUXE



La última vez la encontré en el Nilo, pero entonces todos sus sentidos estaban dirigidos hacia el norte: Egipto le era casi extraño. Allá, en el Mediterráneo, estaba su casa; a través de toda su historia sopla viento marino.

Emil Ludwig

Cleopatra. Geschichte einer Königin **(1937)**

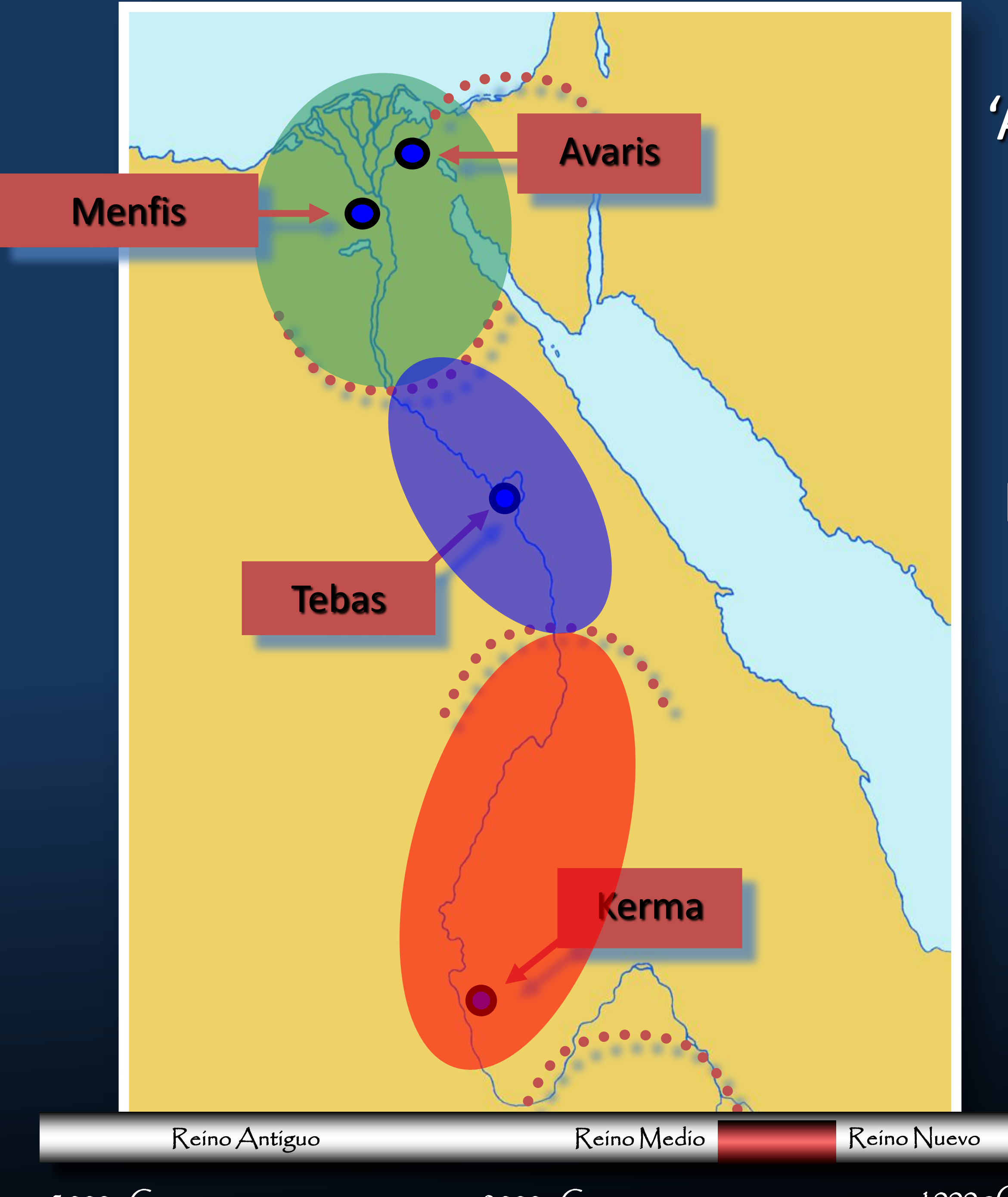
Reino Medio



Reino Antiguo | Reino Medio | Reino Nuevo

3000 aC | 2000 aC | 1000 aC | 331 aC


Cerámica de Kamares



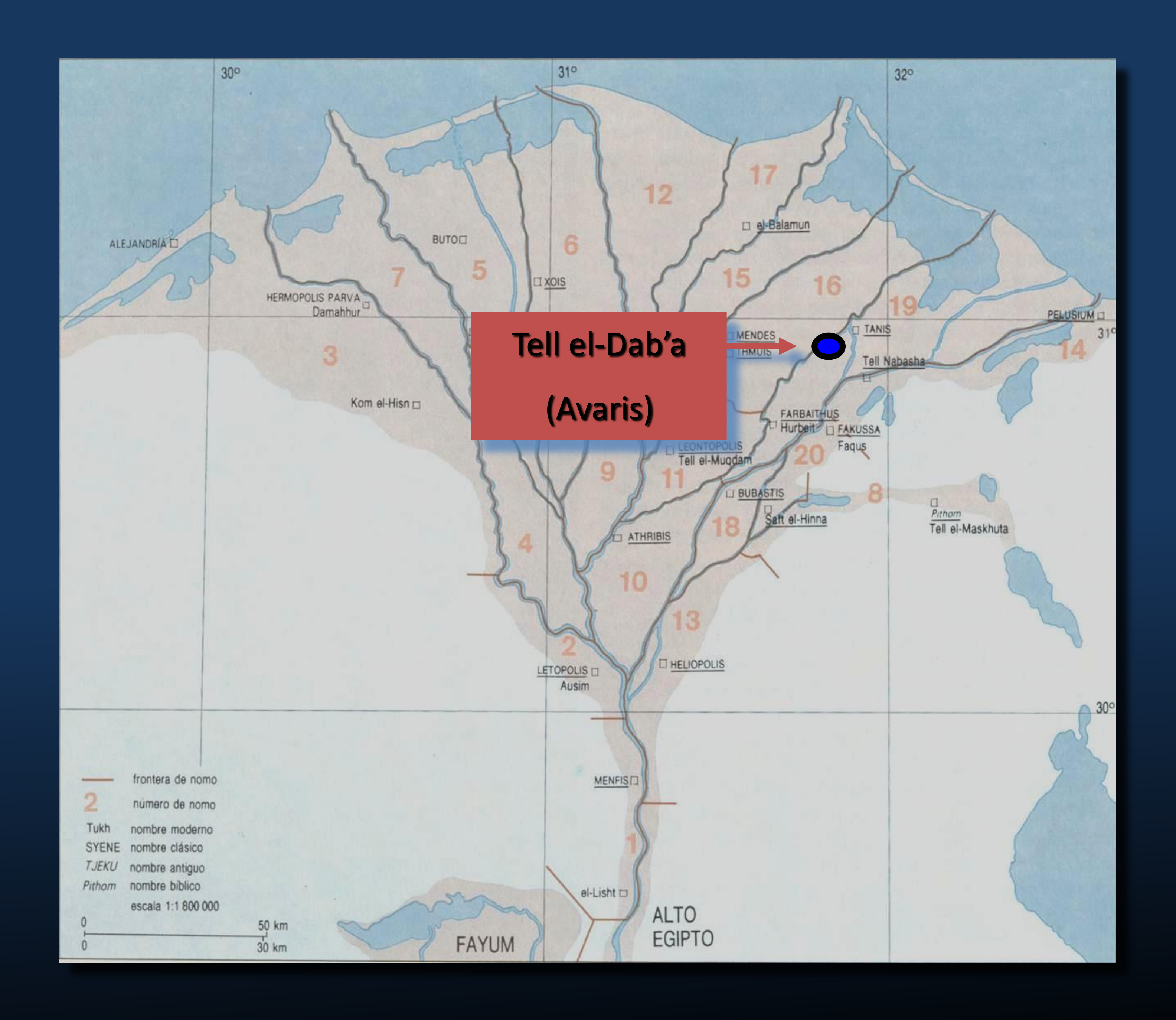
‘Aamu = Hyksos

Egipto = Tebanos

Kush = Nehsu

Reino Antiguo | Reino Medio | Reino Nuevo

3000 aC | 2000 aC | 1000 aC | 331 aC



Tell el-Dab'a
(Avaris)
30°
31°
32°
ALEJANDRÍA
BUTO
XOIS
HERMOPOLIS PARVA
Damahhur
Kom el-Hisn
el-Balamun
MENDES
THMUIS
TANIS
Tell Nabasha
PELUSIUM
FARBAITHUS
Hurbeit
FAKUSSA
Faqus
LEONTOPOLIS
Tell el-Muqdam
BUBASTIS
Saft el-Hinna
Pithom
Tell el-Maskhuta
ATHRIBIS
HELIOPOLIS
LETOPOLIS
Ausim
MENFIS
el-Lisht
ALTO
EGIPTO
FAYUM
frontera de nomo
número de nomo
Tukh nombre moderno
SYENE nombre clásico
TJEKU nombre antiguo
Pithom nombre bíblico
escala 1:1 800 000
50 km
30 km

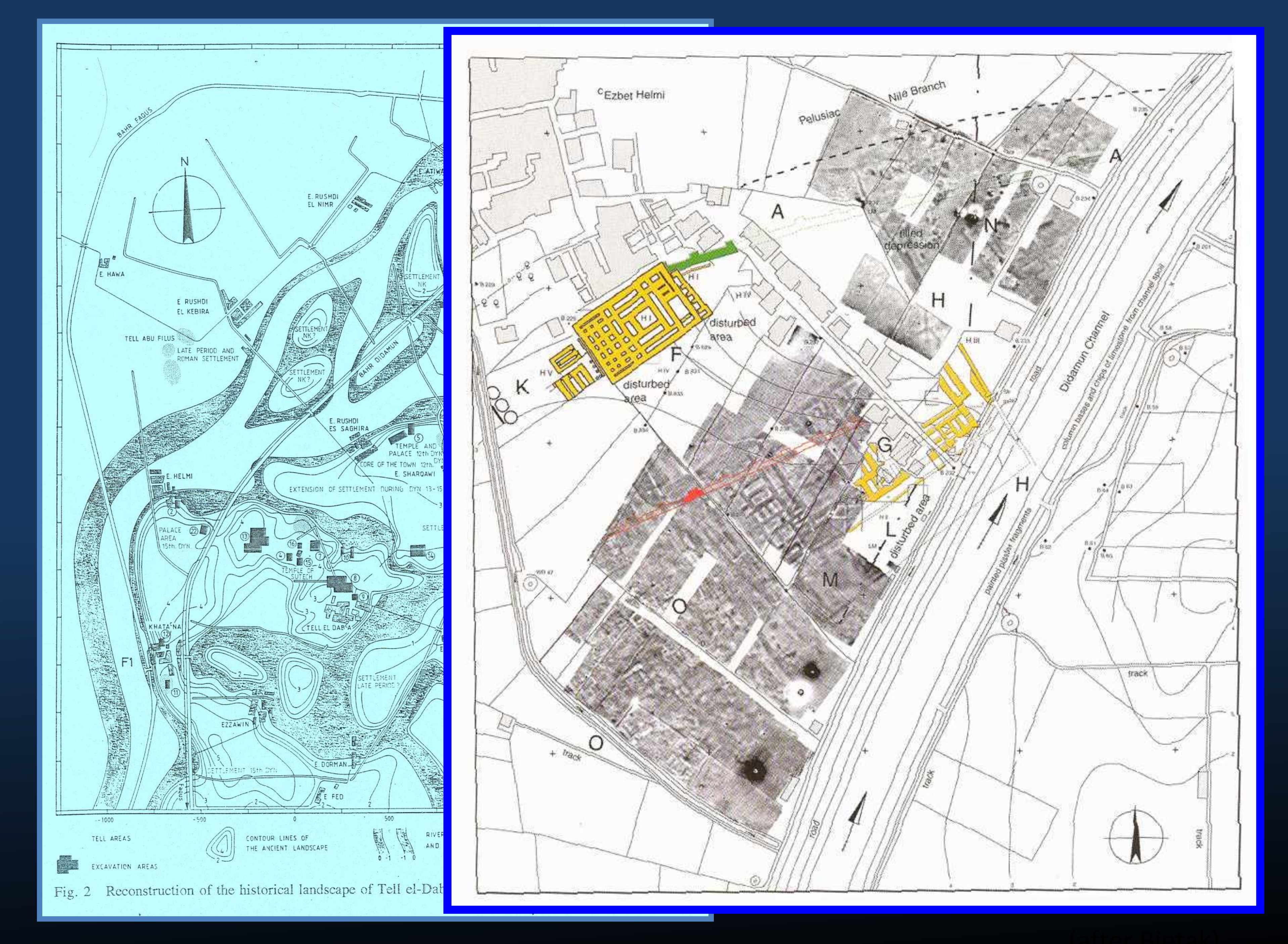
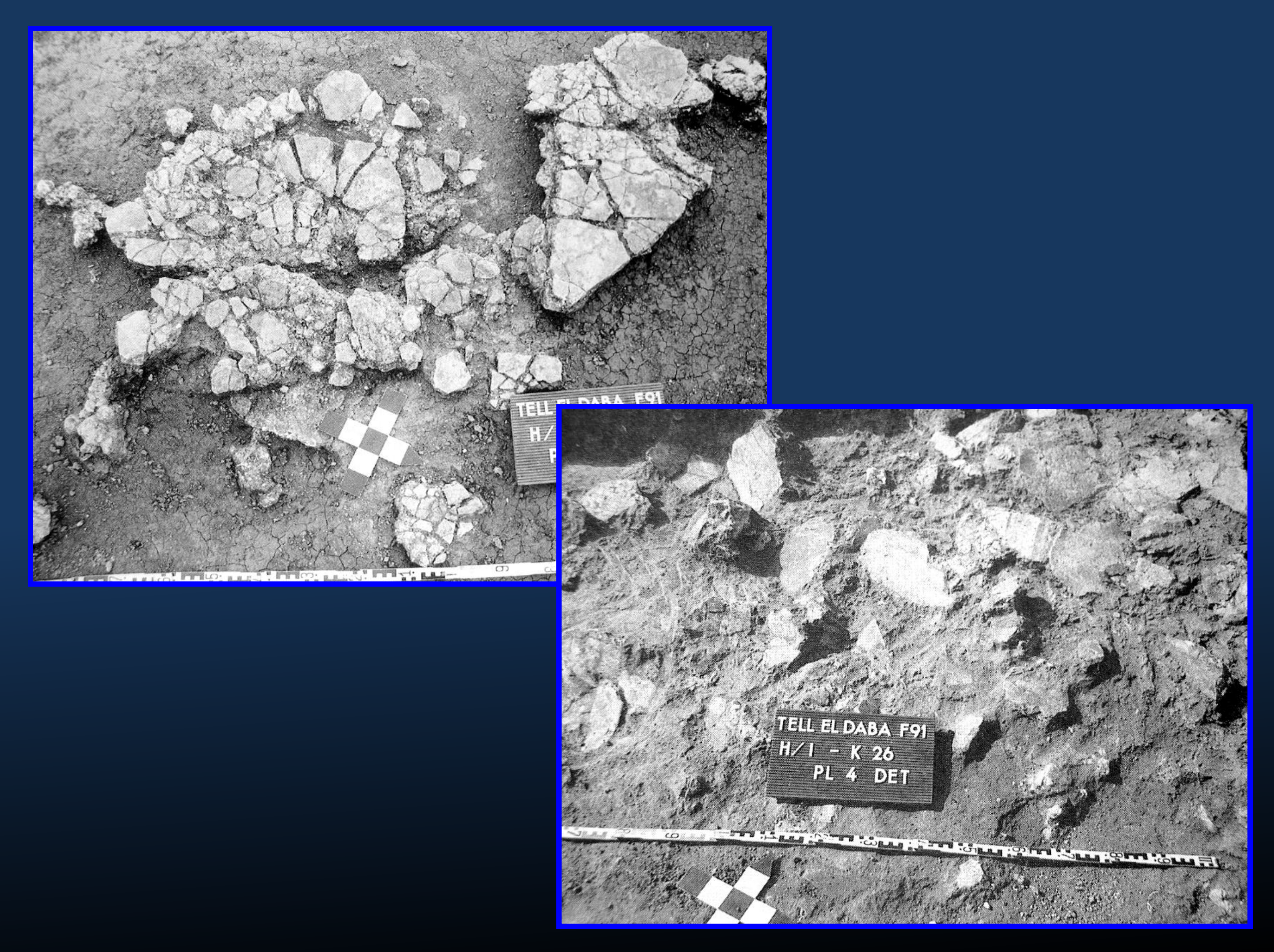
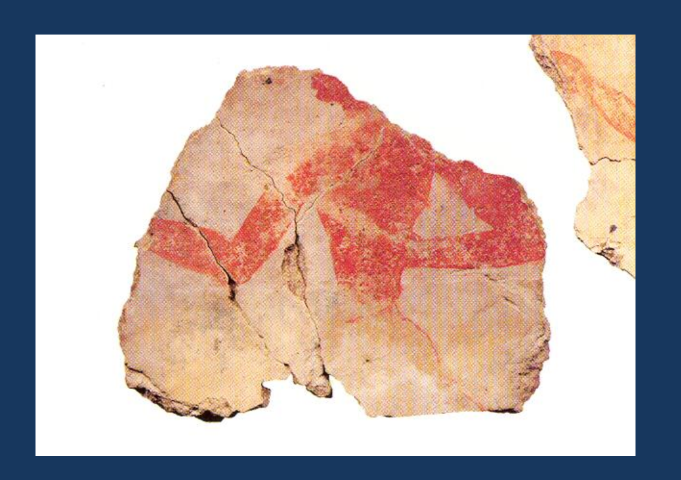
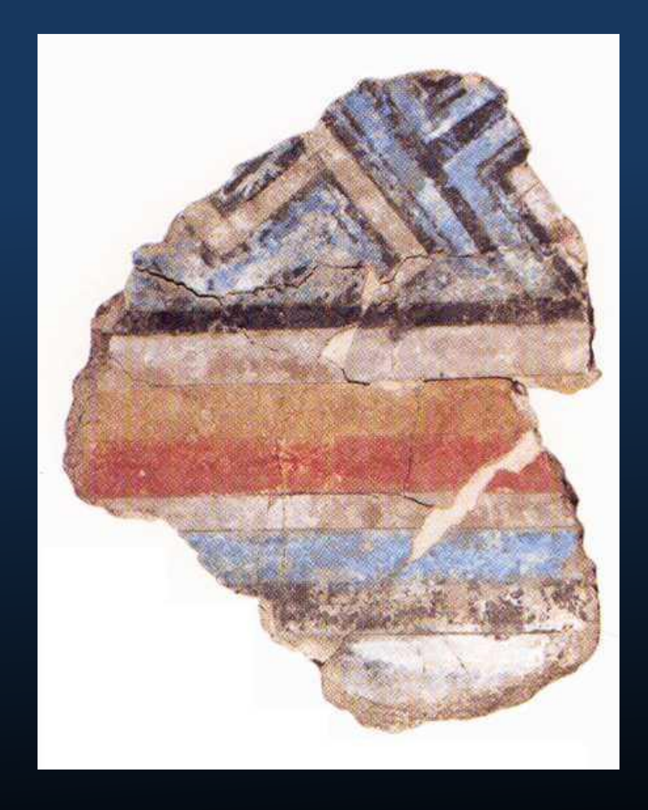
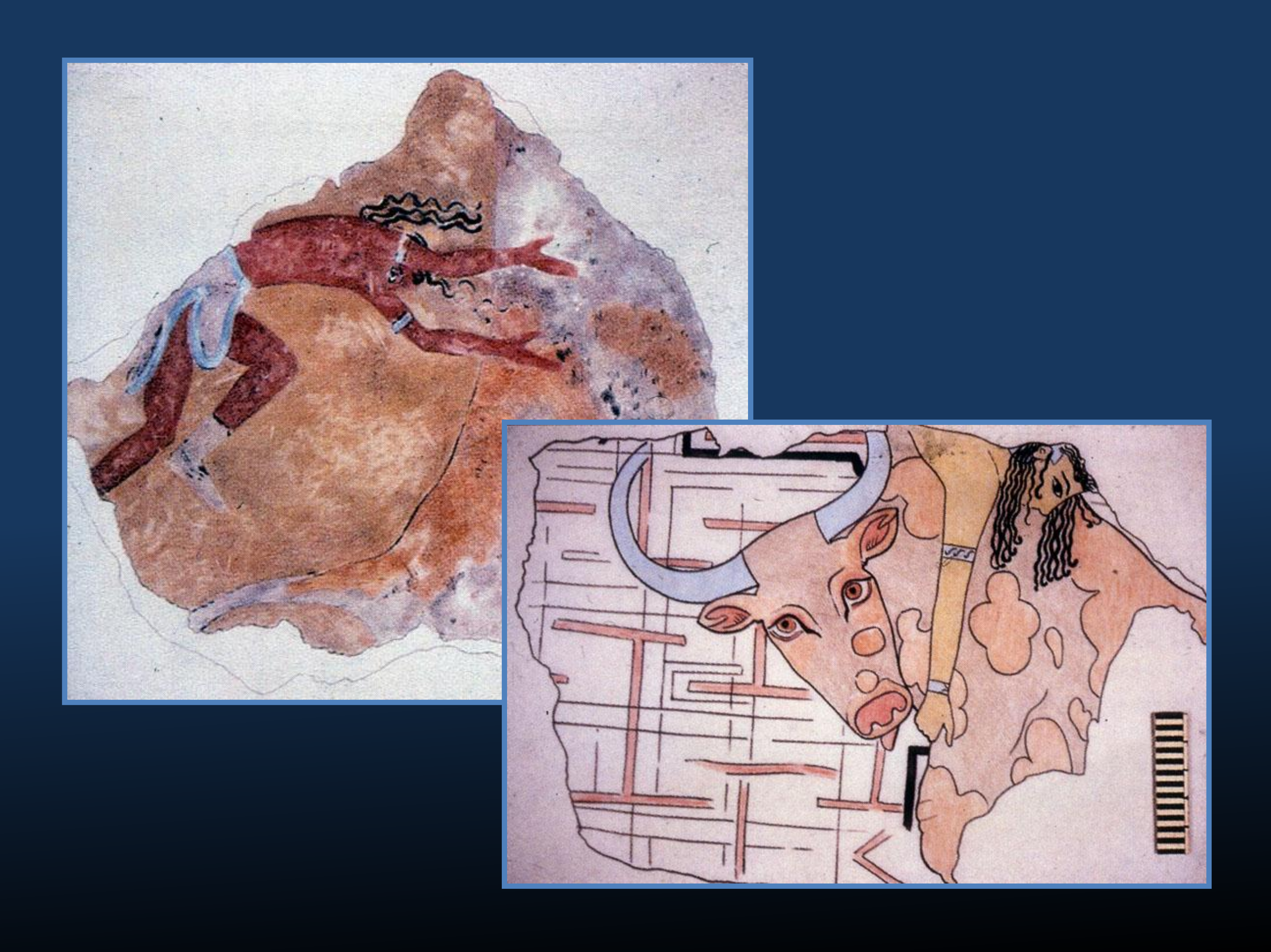


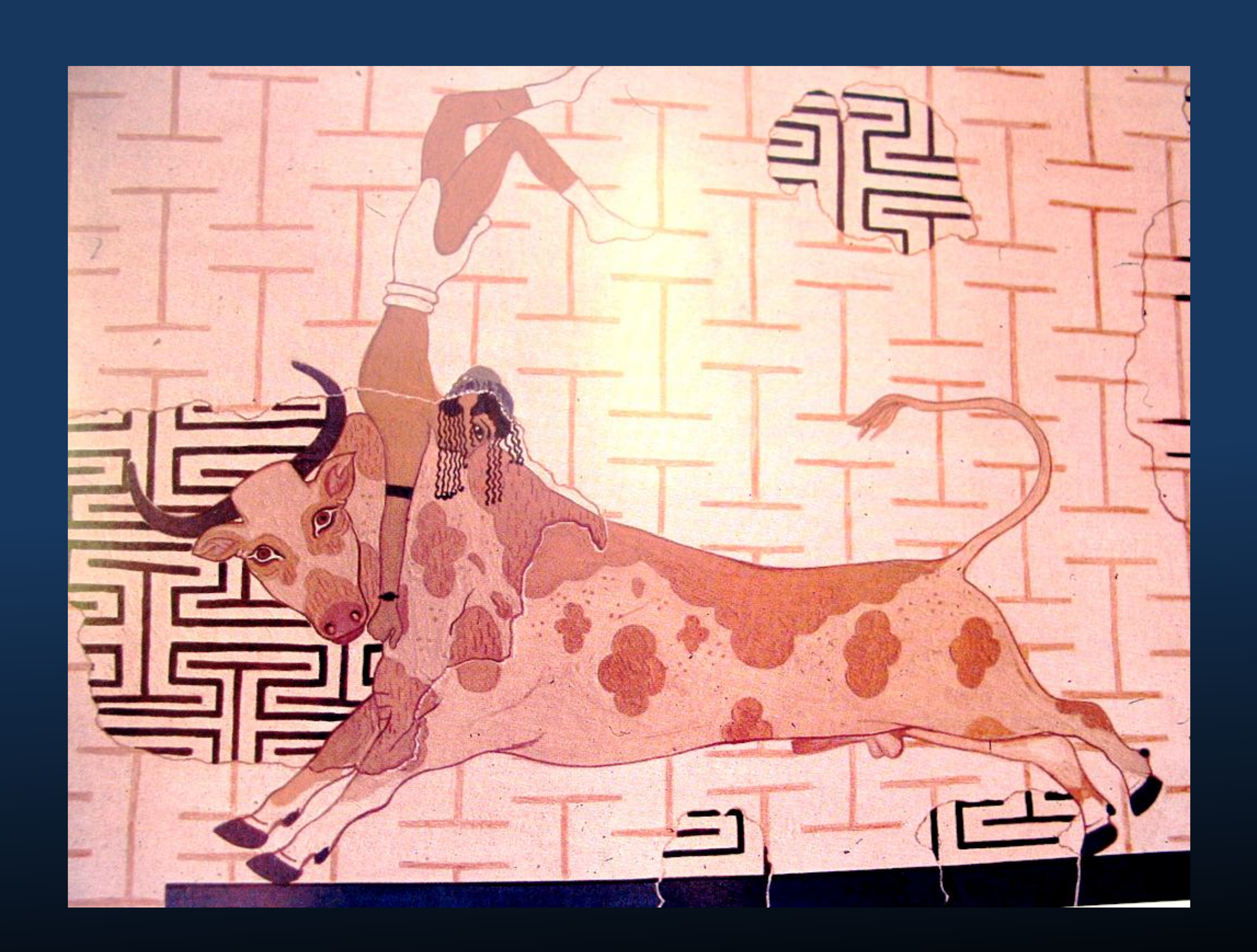
Fig. 2 Reconstruction of the historical landscape of Tell el-Dab

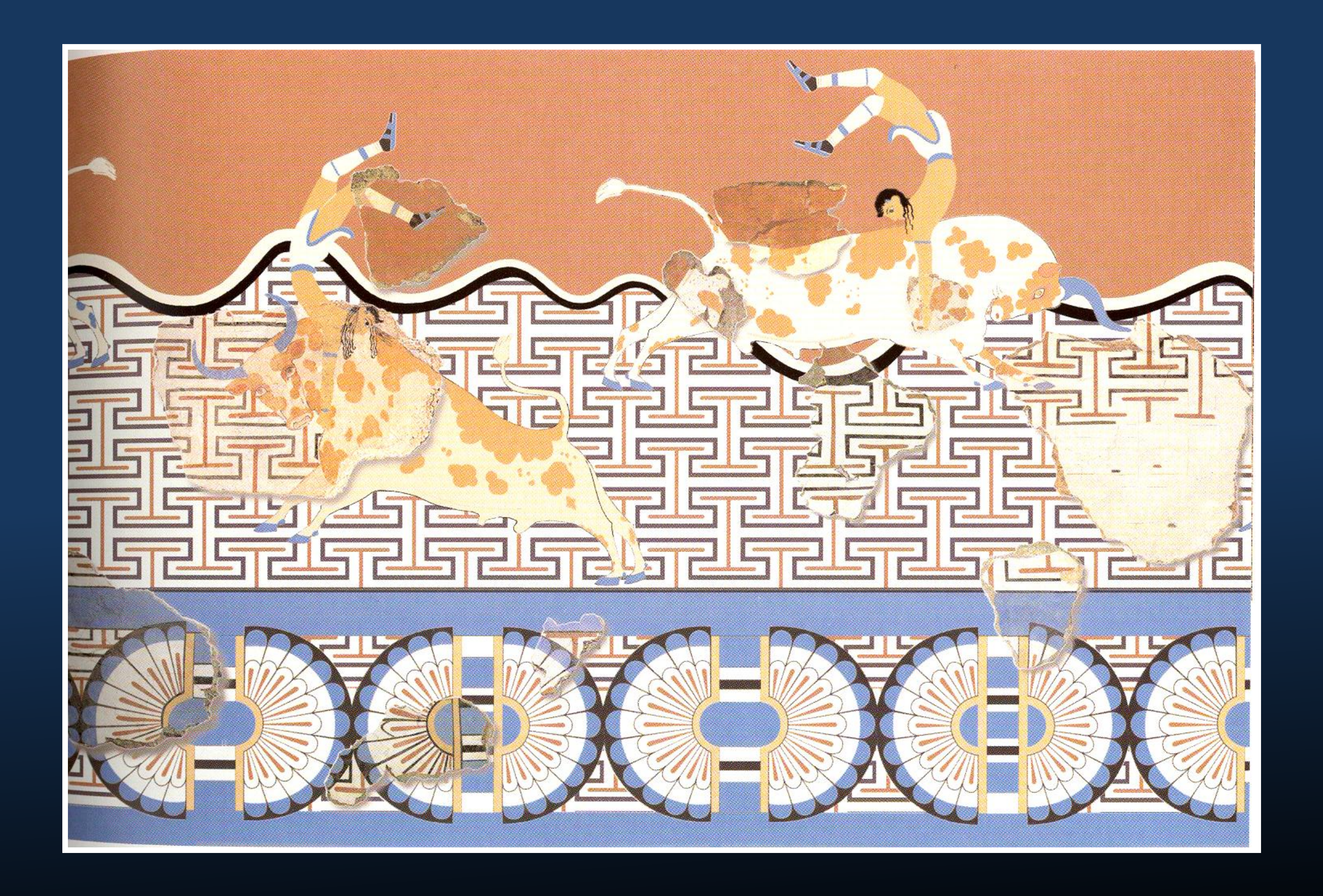

TELL EL DABA F91
H/I - K 26
PL 4 DET













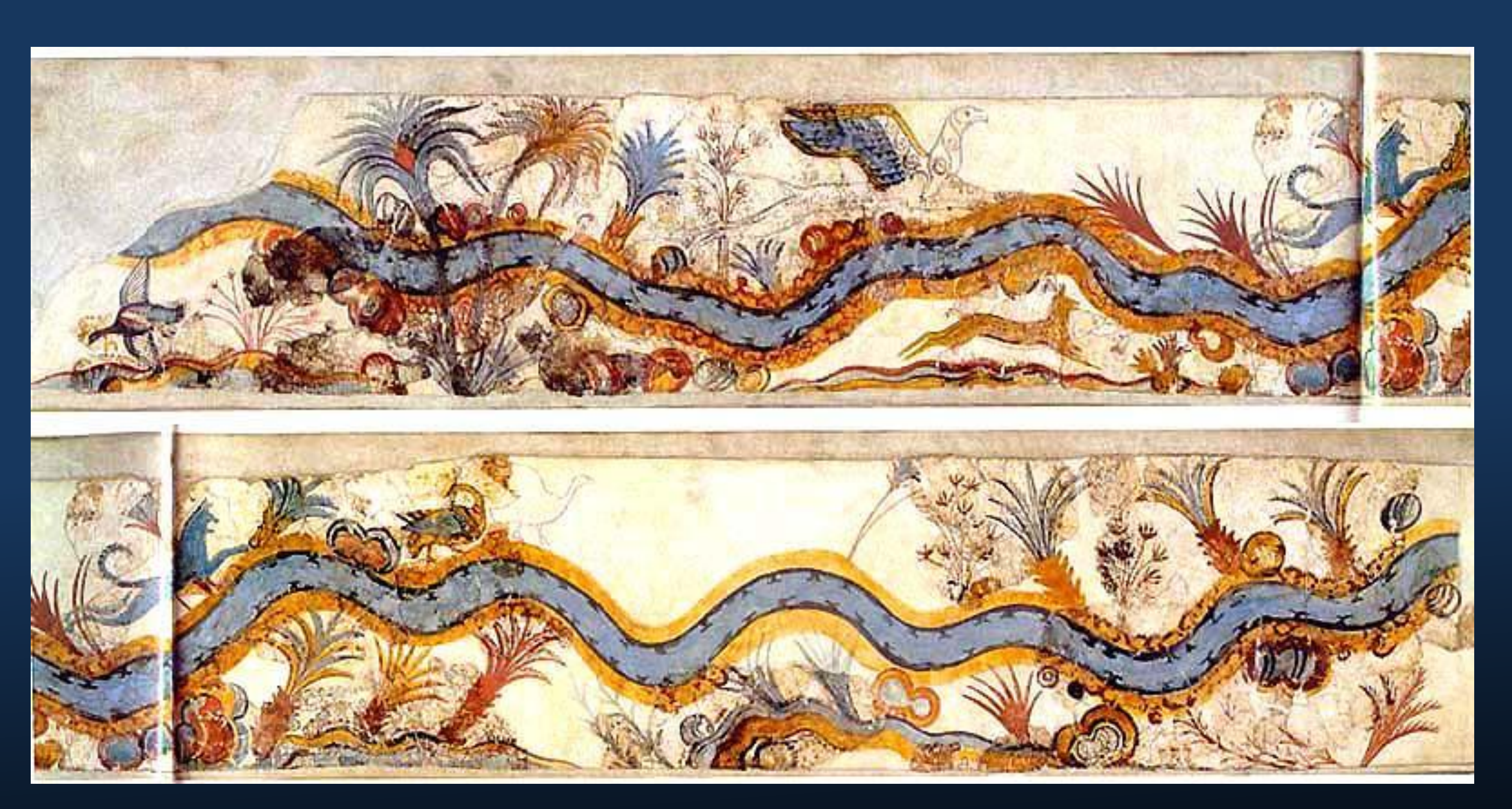



THIRA
(Santorini)
Phinikia
Oia
Imerovigli
Firostefani
Thirasia
Fira
Nea Kamini
Airport
Falla Kamini
Pirgos
Aspronisi
Megalochori
Kamari
Island
before
1500 BC
Akrotiri
Perissa


THESSALY
Lesbos
AEGEAN
SEA
LYDIA
GREECE
EUBOEA
Sardis
Smyrna
IONIA
ACHAEA
Chios
Athens
Ephesus
TURKEY
Corinth
ATTICA
Andros
ARCADIA
SPARTA
Patmos
CARIA
N
MESSENIA
LACONIA
Naxos
Melos
Thera
SEA
OF
CRETE
Rhodes
Carpathus
MEDITERRANEAN
SEA
CRETE
0
50 miles
0
50 km

West House, Akrotiri

Fold-out A. Fig. 17. Reconstruction of room 5 of the West House. Note the position of the adorants carrying fish converging at the NW. corner.





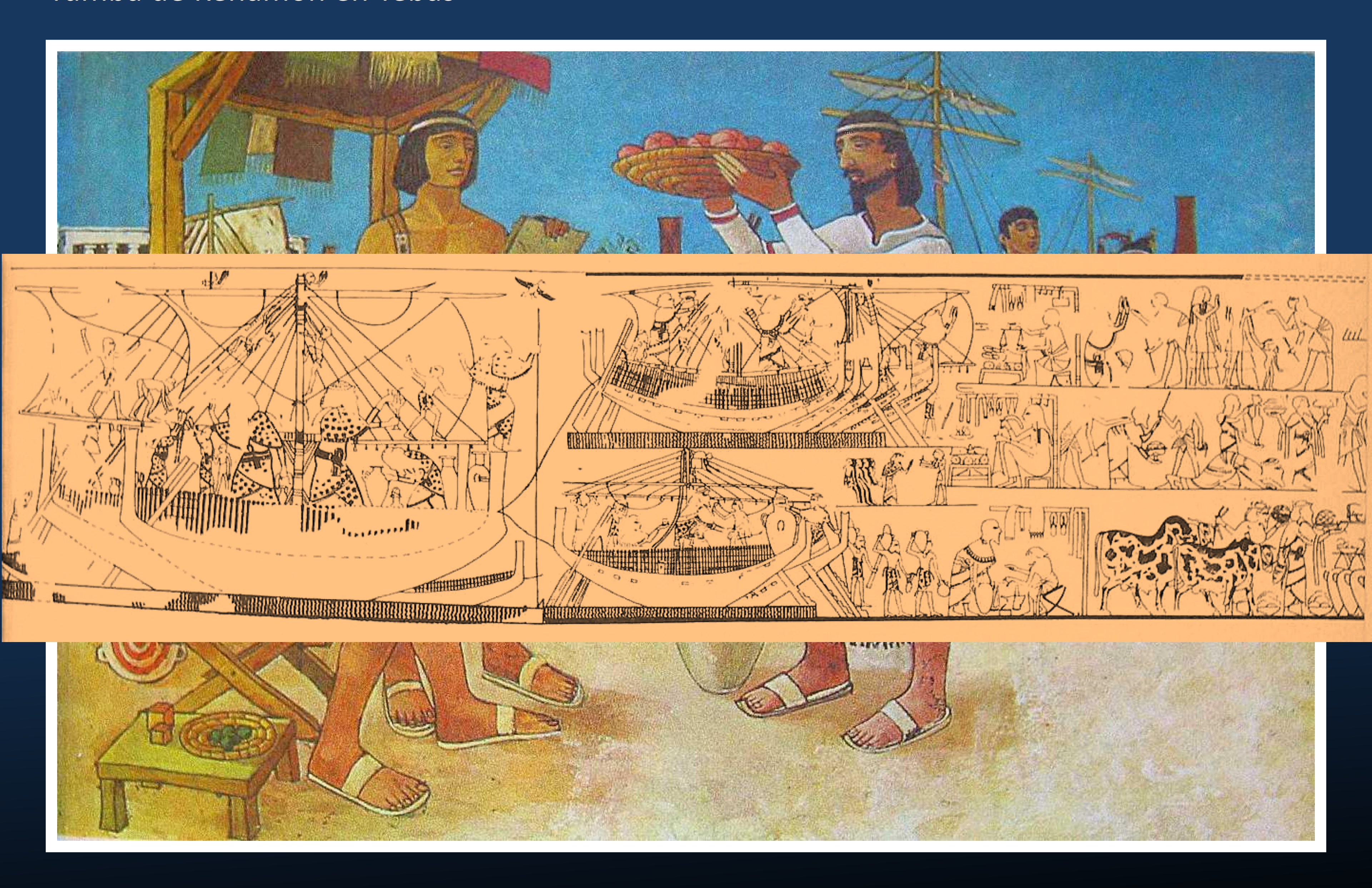



0 25 50 75 100 km
Nile Delta and Sinai Peninsula – February 29, 2000 – MODIS/MODLAND/Descloitres




Reino Antiguo
Reino Medio
Reino Nuevo
3000 aC
2000 aC
1000 aC
331 aC

Tumba de Kenamon en Tebas






30°
31°
32°
31°
ALEJANDRÍA
BUTO
XOIS
HERMOPOLIS PARVA
Damahhur
SAIS
SEBENNYTOS
BUSIRIS
HERMOPOLIS
el-Baqliya
MENDES
THMUIS
el-Balamun
TANIS
Tell Nabasha
PELUSIUM
Kom el-Hisn
LETOPOLIS
Ausim
FAYUM
3
4
5
6
7
12
14
15
16
17
19
2
frontera de nomo
número de nomo
Tukh nombre moderno
SYENE nombre clásico
TJEKU nombre antiguo
Pithom nombre bíblico
escala 1:1 800 000
0 50 km
0 30 km
Sebennytic mouth
Phatmetic mouth
Mendesian mouth
Tanitic mouth
Pelusiac mouth
Tanis
Tell el-Dab'a
Faqus
Wadi Tumilat
Lake Ballah
Lake Timsah
Bitter Lakes



Temple of Amun
Temple of Horus
Tombs
Innter wall
Outer Wall
0 50 100 m
Temple of Mut, Khons & Astarte




Gran templo de Amón



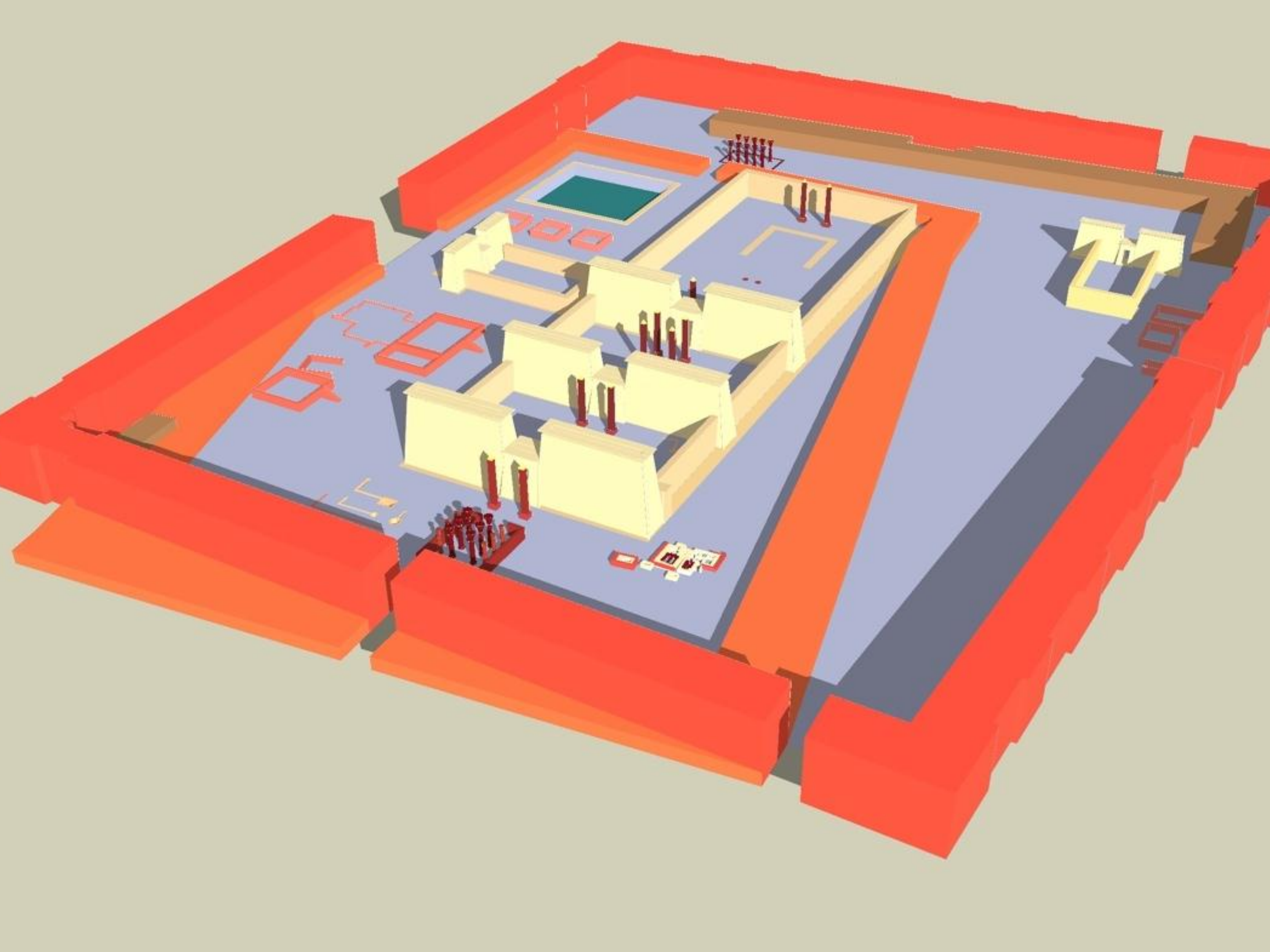



FIG. 1.—Panel XIV: Ramesses in battle against seaborne aggressors (pl. 37 in *Medinet Habu I*). Courtesy of the Oriental Institute of the University of Chicago.



Amasis II (570-526 a.C.)

Mediterranean Sea

tta

Damietta

Buto

Sais

Naucratis

Busiris

Tanis

Pelusium

Avaris

Wadi Natrun

Bubastis

Nile Delta

Great Bitter Lake

Merimda

Heliopolis

N

Cairo

Giza

20 mi

50 km

Memphis

Saqqara

Helwan

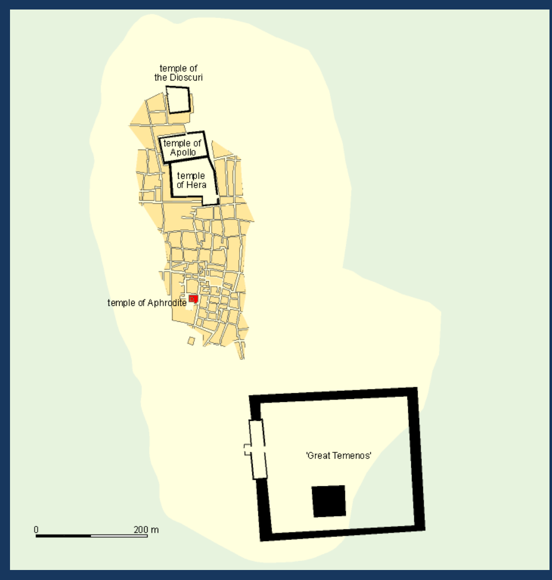
Dahshur

Faiyum

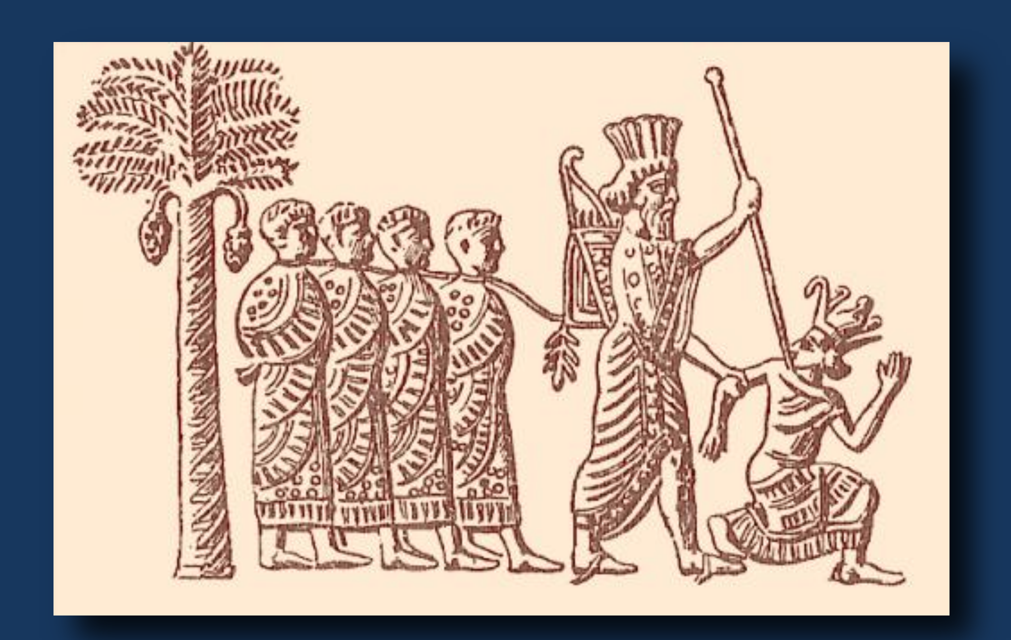
Lower Egypt

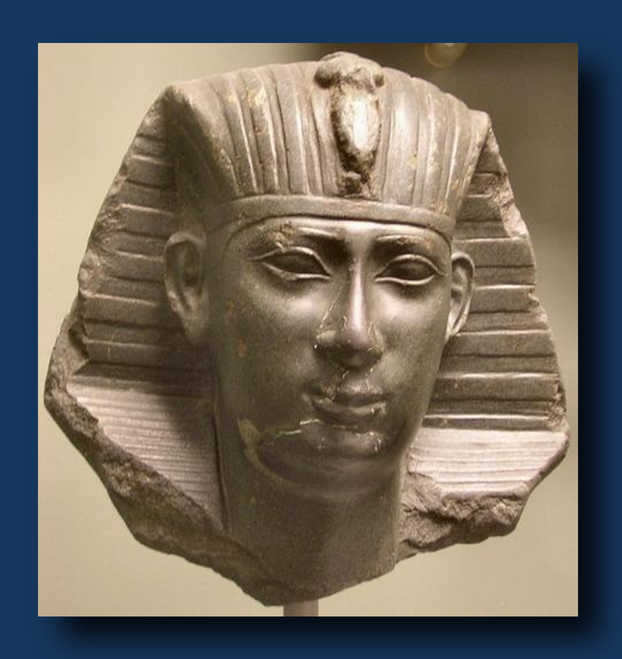
Meydum

Lal









Psamético III
(526-525 a.C.)

Heródoto (484-425 a.C.)



COLIN
FARRE
A
ECRIT PAR OLIV
www.ALEXANDRE-LEFILM.COM
Alexander's Campaigns of Conquest
336-323 B.C.
MACEDONIA
Black Sea
Caspian Sea
SCYTHIA
SOGDIANA
BACTRIA
BACTRA
PELLA
Granicus
TROY
GORDION
ATHENS
SARDIS
ARMENIA
SPARTA
EPHESUS
MILETUS
CILICIAN GATES
Issus
HALICARNASSUS
Gaugamela
HECATOMPYLOS
Hydaspes
ECBATANA
Mediterranean Sea
SIDON
SYRIA
MEDIA
PARTHIA
TYRE
HERAT
GAZA
BABYLONIA
PERSIAN GATES
ALEXANDRIA
JERUSALEM
SUSA
PERSEPOLIS
LIBYA
BABYLON
SIWA
MEMPHIS
PERSIA
EGYPT
CARMANIA
ARABIA
Persian Gulf
GEDROSIA
INDIA
Alexander's Routes
Conquering the Mediterranean Area
From Egypt to Babylon
Conquering the East
His Return to Babylon
Decisive Battles
N
300 Miles
Red Sea
PATTALA
Arabian Sea
© Bible History Online

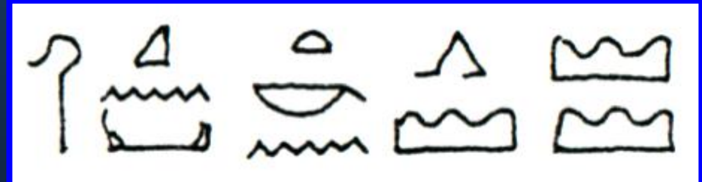

Alexandria
(El Iskandariya)
Mersa Matruh
Rashid
Baltim
Fuwa
Ras el
Kenayis
El Daba
Arabs
Gulf
Sidi Barrani
Damanhur



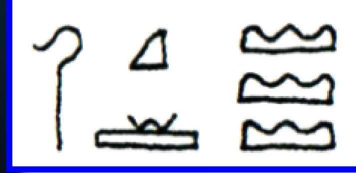




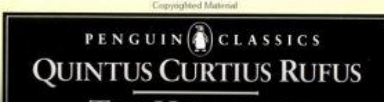
Alejandro Magno



Filipo Arrideo



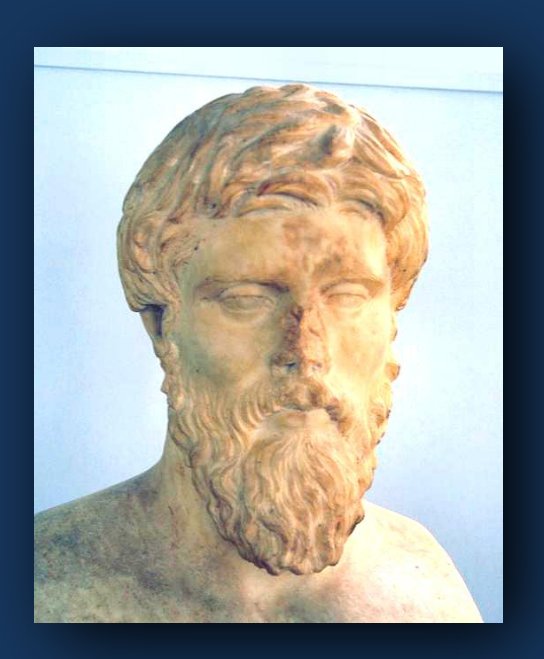




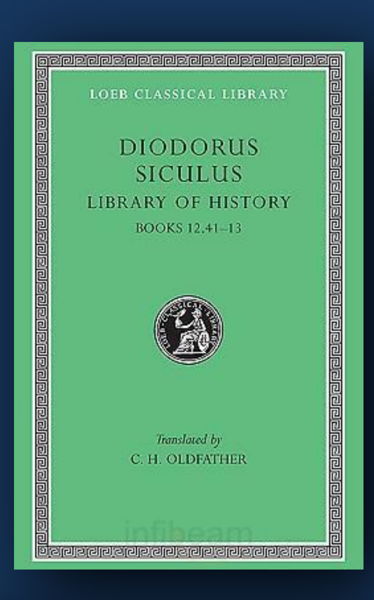
Alejandro, habiendo regresado del oráculo de Amón, fue al lago Mareotis, cerca de la isla de Pharos.

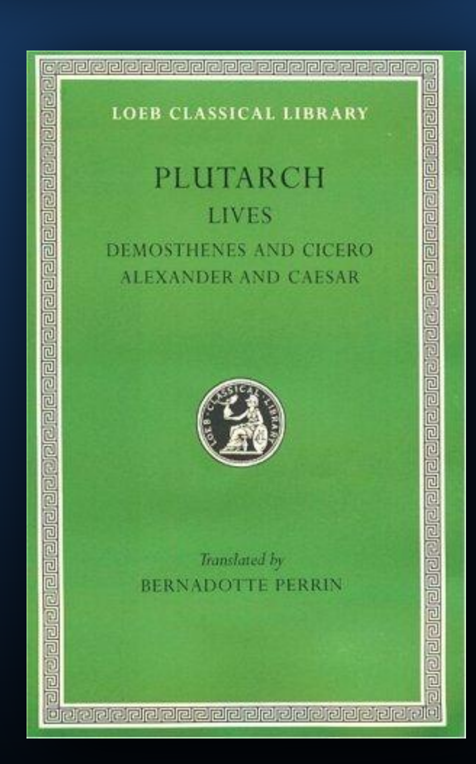
NORIMBERGAE,
EX OFFICINA LIBRARIA RIEGELIANA.
cIↄIↄCCLXXXIII.

Quinto Curcio Rufo (s. I dC)
Historia de Alejandro Magno

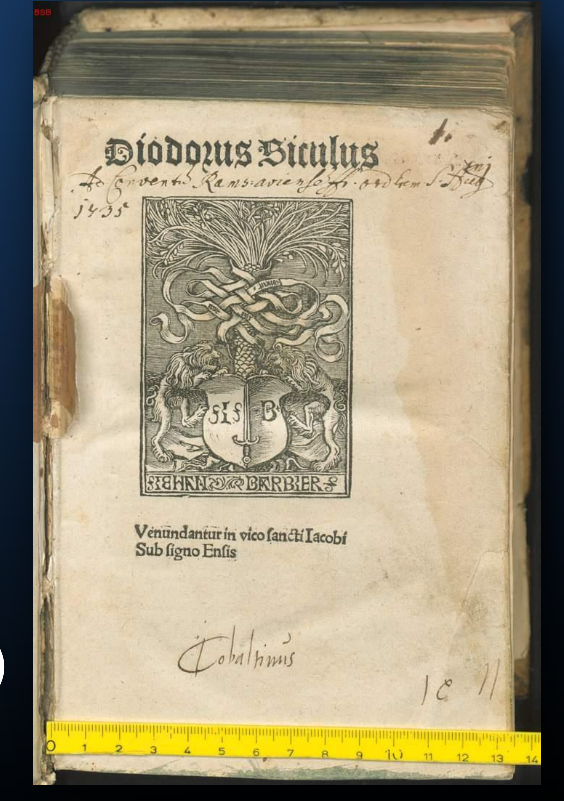


Plutarco (c. 46-120 dC)

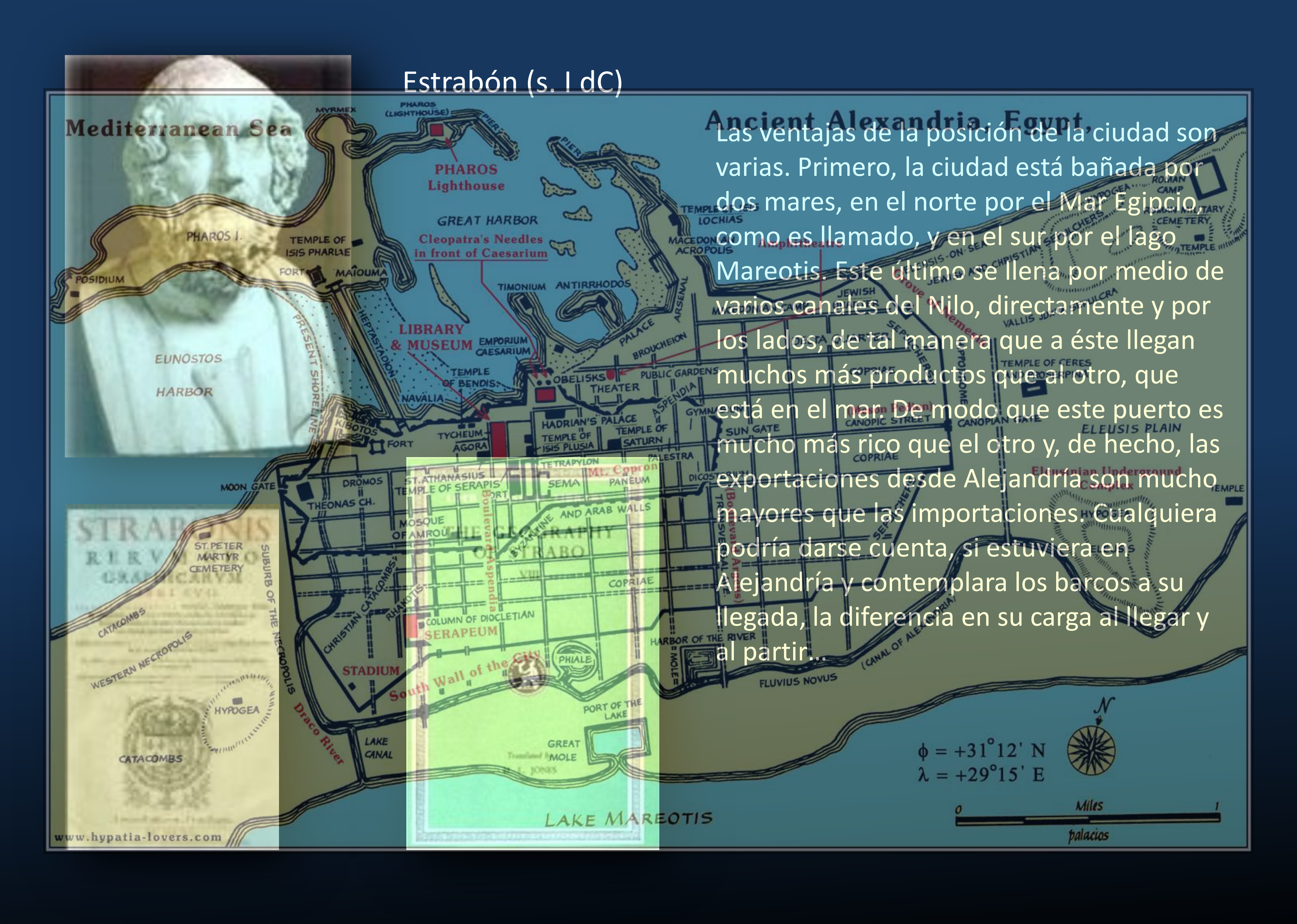




Diodoro Sículo(s. I aC)



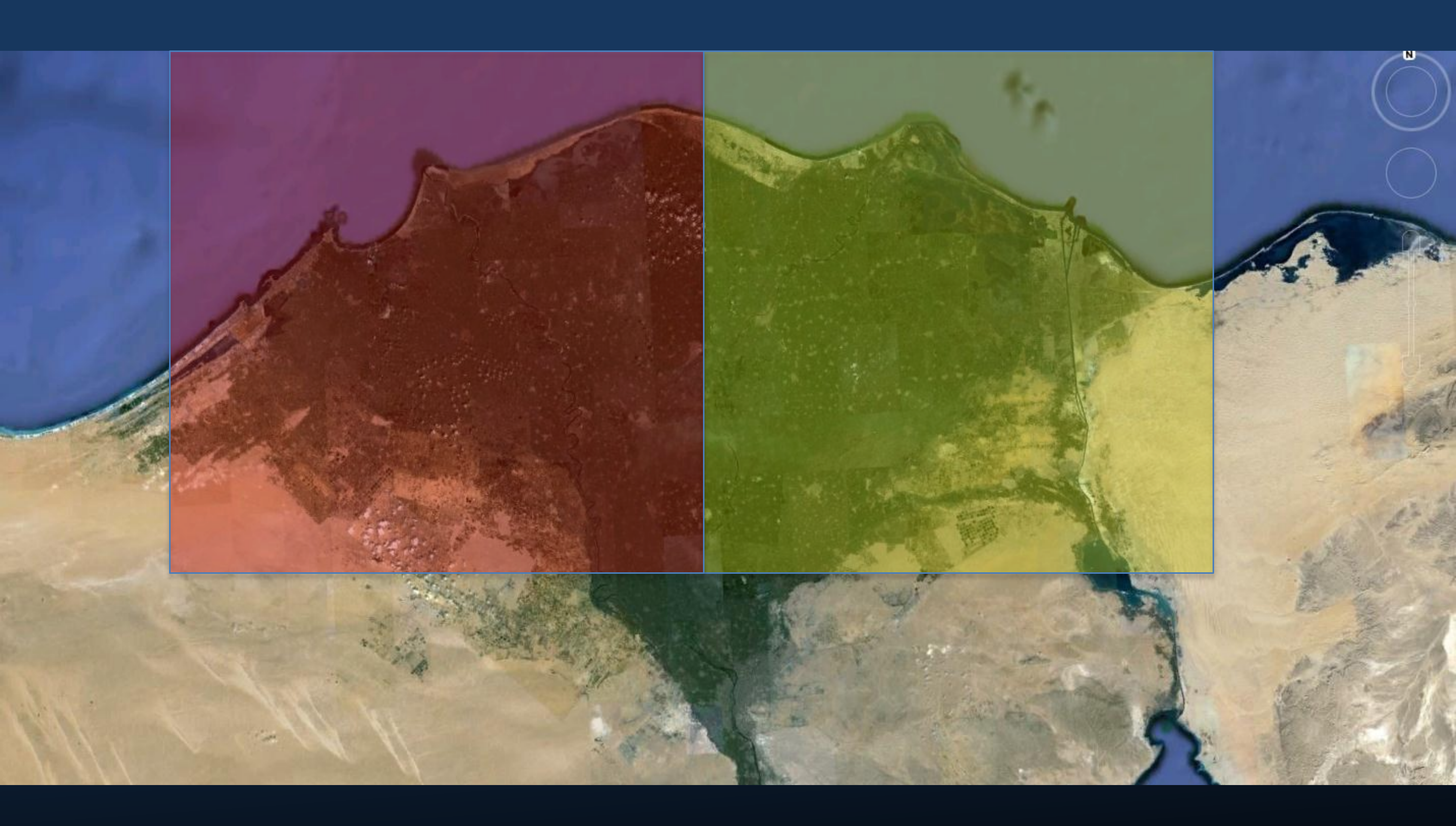
Estrabón (s. I dC)



Las ventajas de la posición de la ciudad son varias. Primero, la ciudad está bañada por dos mares, en el norte por el Mar Egipcio, como es llamado, y en el sur por el lago Mareotis. Este último se llena por medio de varios canales del Nilo, directamente y por los lados, de tal manera que a éste llegan muchos más productos que al otro, que está en el mar. De modo que este puerto es mucho más rico que el otro y, de hecho, las exportaciones desde Alejandría son mucho mayores que las importaciones. Cualquiera podría darse cuenta, si estuviera en Alejandría y contemplara los barcos a su llegada, la diferencia en su carga al llegar y al partir...



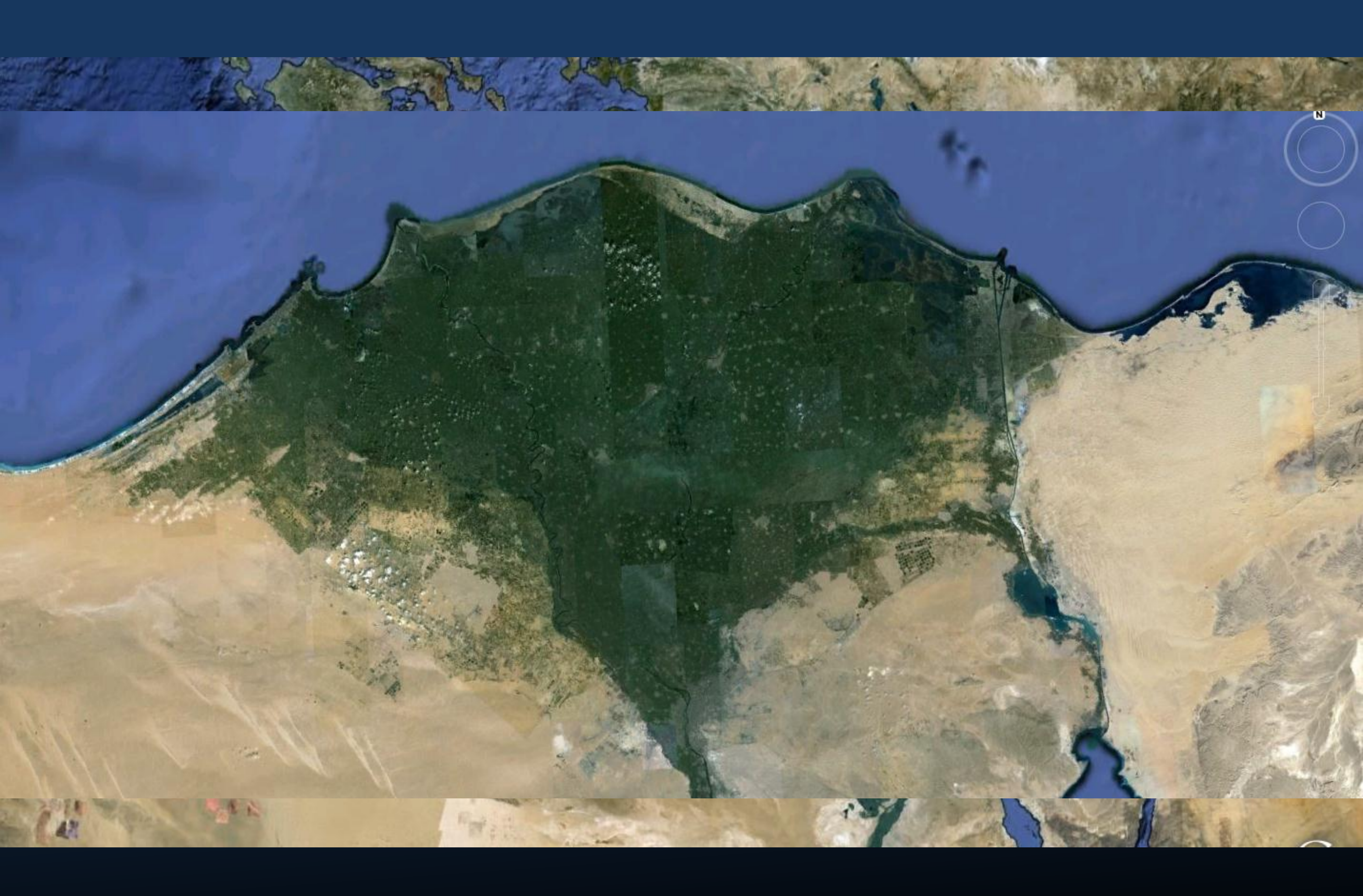
Mediterranean Sea
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HARBOR
TEMPLE OF BENDIS
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CANOPIC STREET
CANOPIAN GATE
ELEUSIS PLAIN
KIBOTOS
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TYCHEUM
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HADRIAN'S PALACE
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SEPULCHERS
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N
LAKE CANAL
GREAT MOLE
CATACOMBS
ϕ = +31°12' N
λ = +29°15' E
LAKE MAREOTIS
0
Miles
1
palacios
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The Empire of Alexander

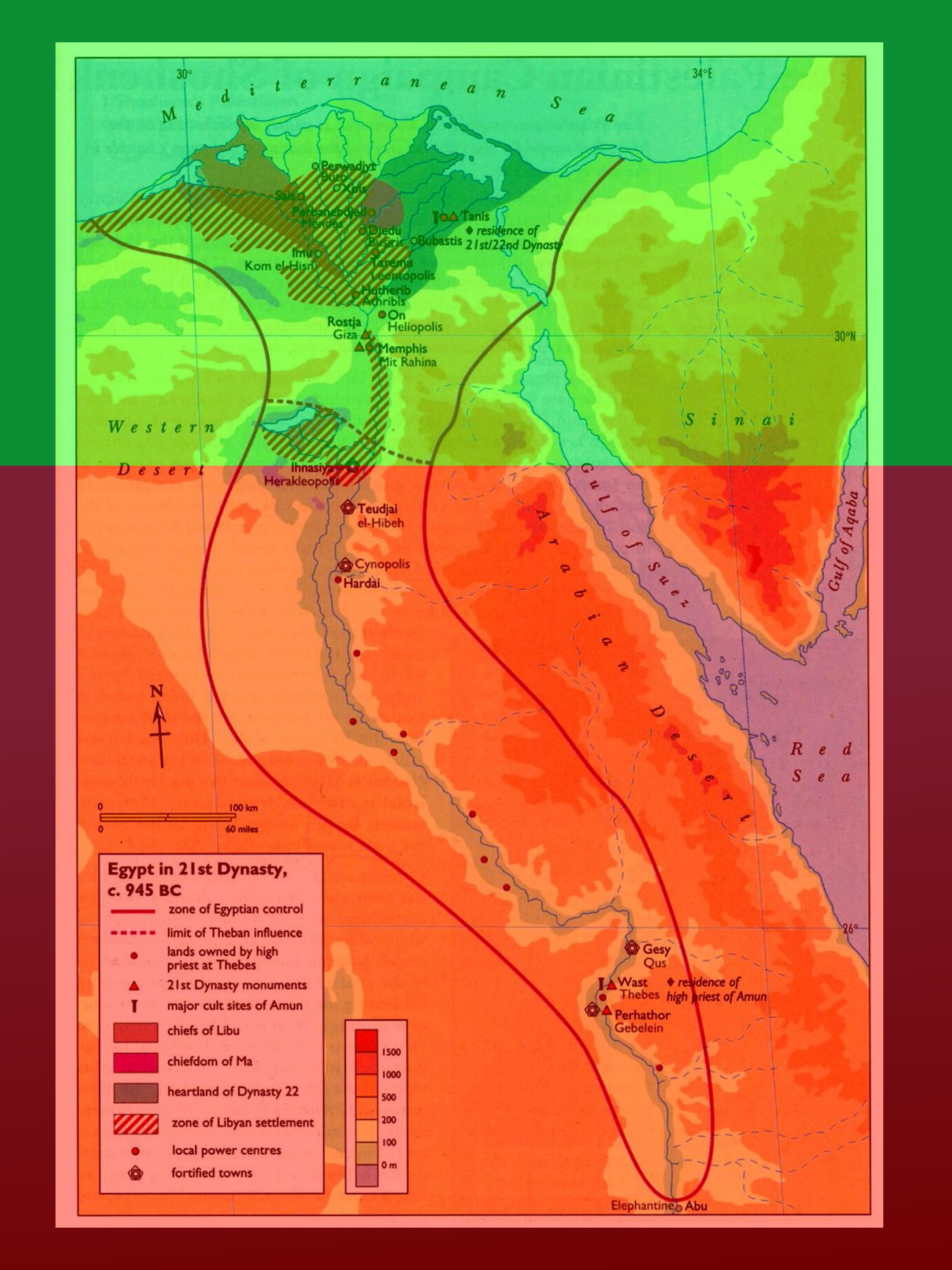



N

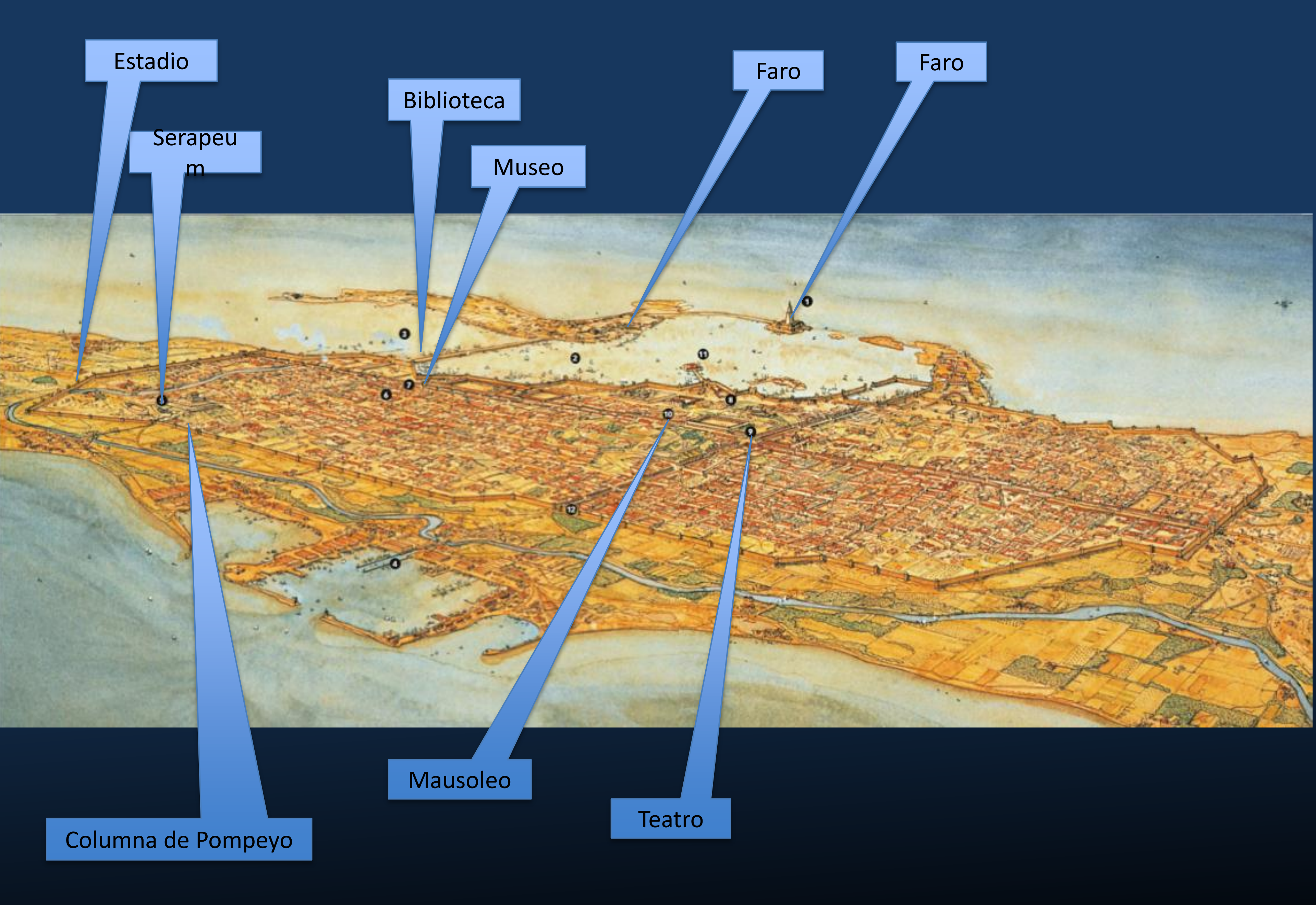




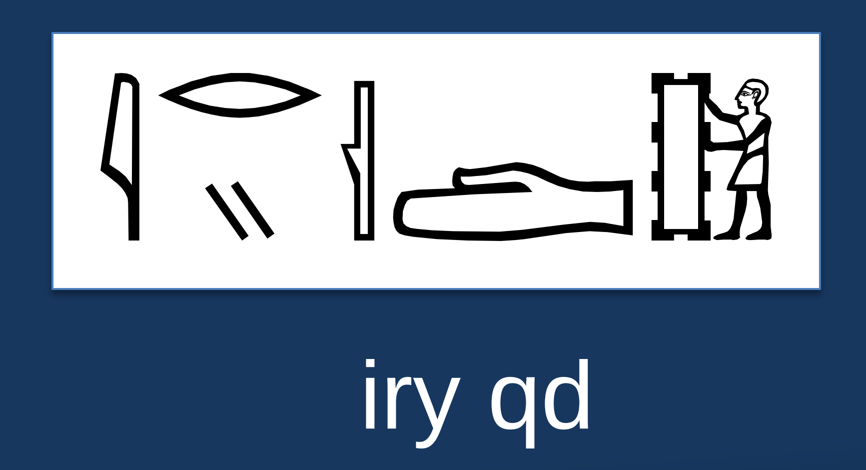



Mediterranean Sea
30°
34°E
30°N
26°
Perwadjyt
Buto
Xois
Sais
Perbanebdjedet
Mendes
Djedu
Busiris
Bubastis
Tanis
residence of 21st/22nd Dynasty
Imu
Kom el-Hisn
Taremu
Leontopolis
Hutherib
Athribis
On
Heliopolis
Rostja
Giza
Memphis
Mit Rahina
Western Desert
Sinai
Ihnasiya
Herakleopolis
Teudjai
el-Hibeh
Cynopolis
Hardai
Arabian Desert
Gulf of Suez
Gulf of Aqaba
Red Sea
N
0 100 km
0 60 miles
Gesy
Qus
Wast
Thebes
residence of high priest of Amun
Perhathor
Gebelein
Elephantine
Abu
Egypt in 21st Dynasty, c. 945 BC
zone of Egyptian control
limit of Theban influence
lands owned by high priest at Thebes
21st Dynasty monuments
major cult sites of Amun
chiefs of Libu
chiefdom of Ma
heartland of Dynasty 22
zone of Libyan settlement
local power centres
fortified towns
1500
1000
500
200
100
0 m


Sat
PM

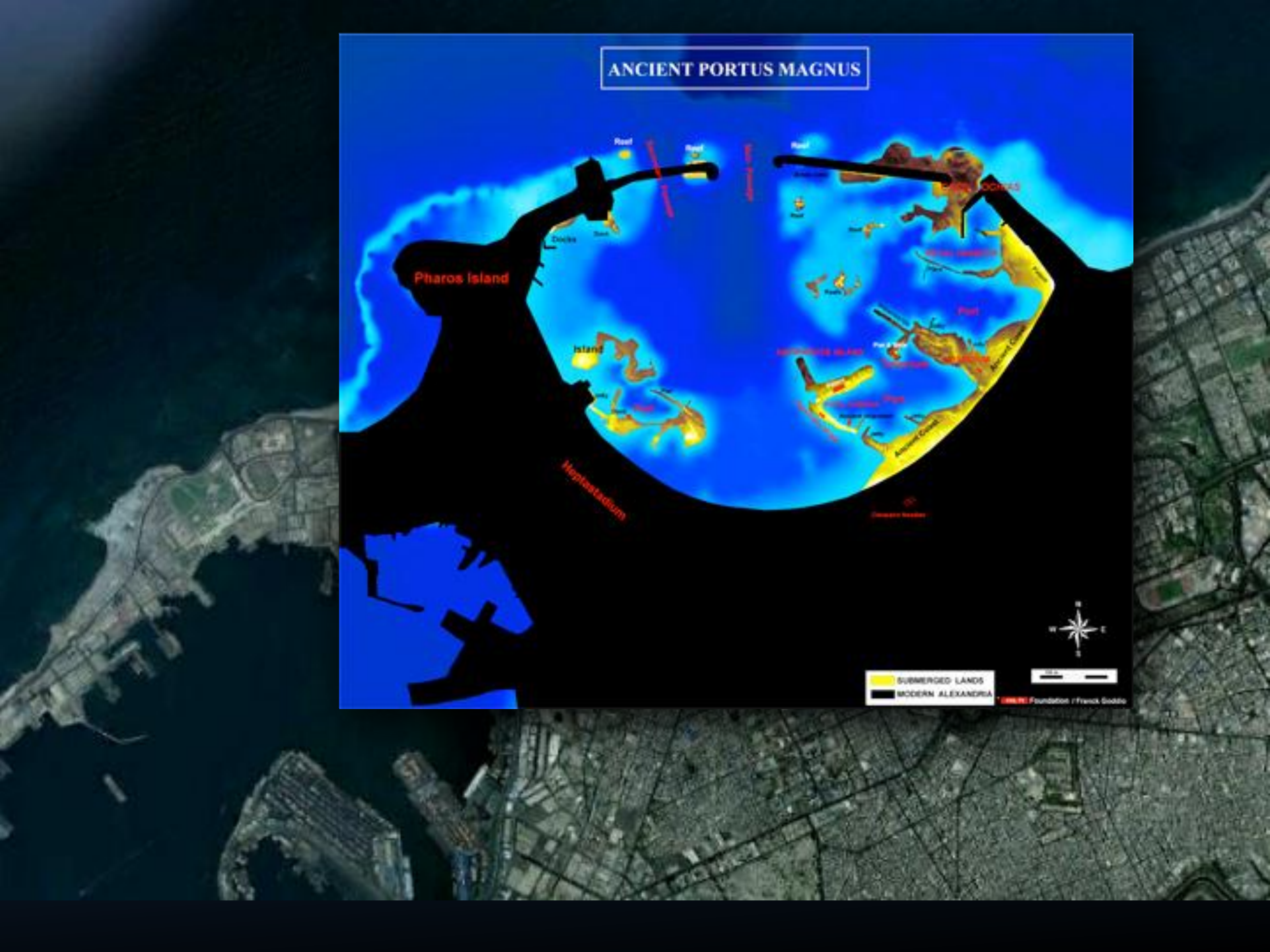

Estadio
Biblioteca
Faro
Faro
Serapeu
m
Museo
Mausoleo
Teatro
Columna de Pompeyo

Rakhotis



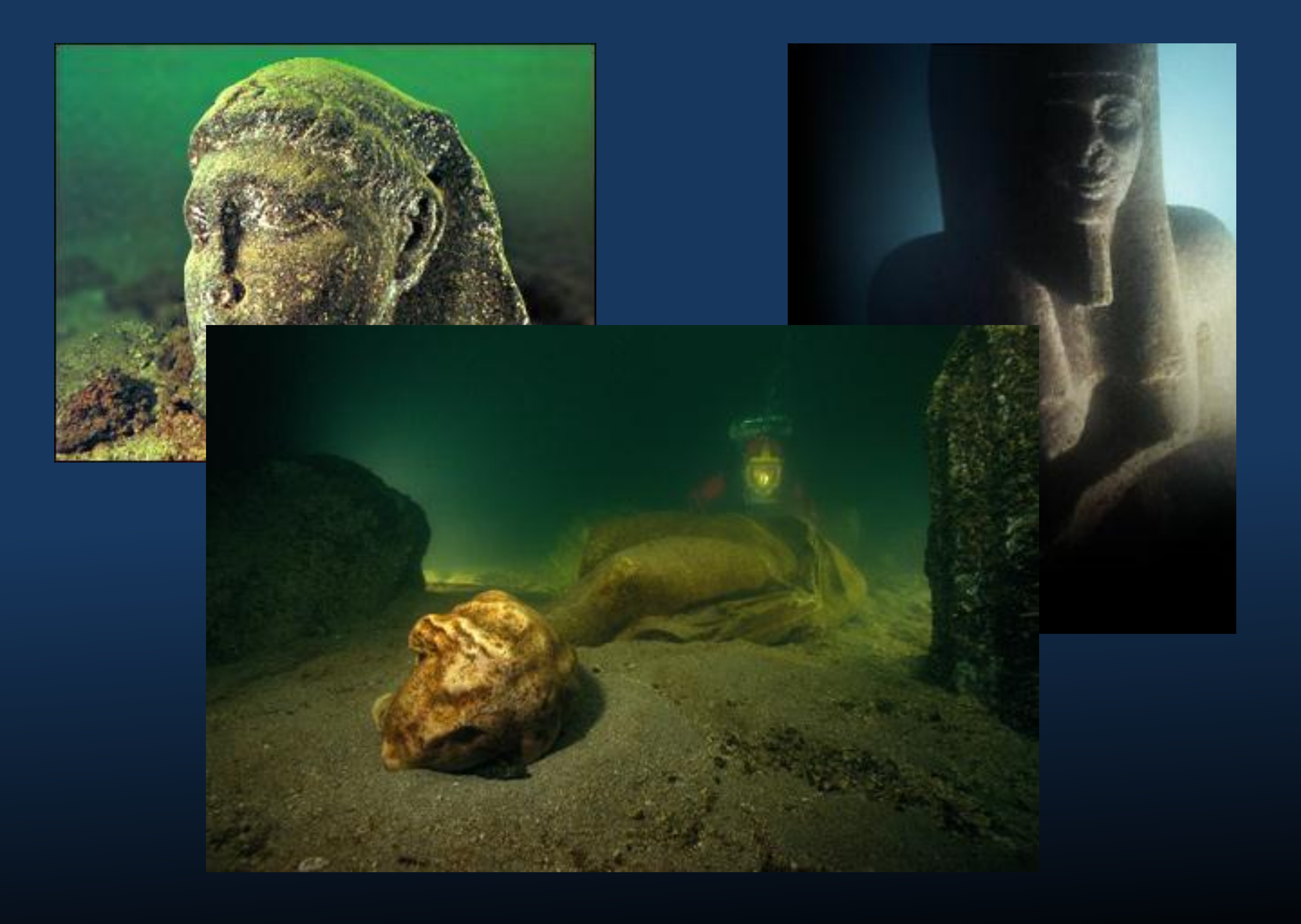
iry qd

Lugar o ciudad *que se ha de construir*



ANCIENT PORTUS MAGNUS
Reef
Reef
Reef
Docks
Pharos Island
Island
Heptastadium
Ancient Coast
Ancient Coast
SUBMERGED LANDS
MODERN ALEXANDRIA
Foundation / Franck Goddio





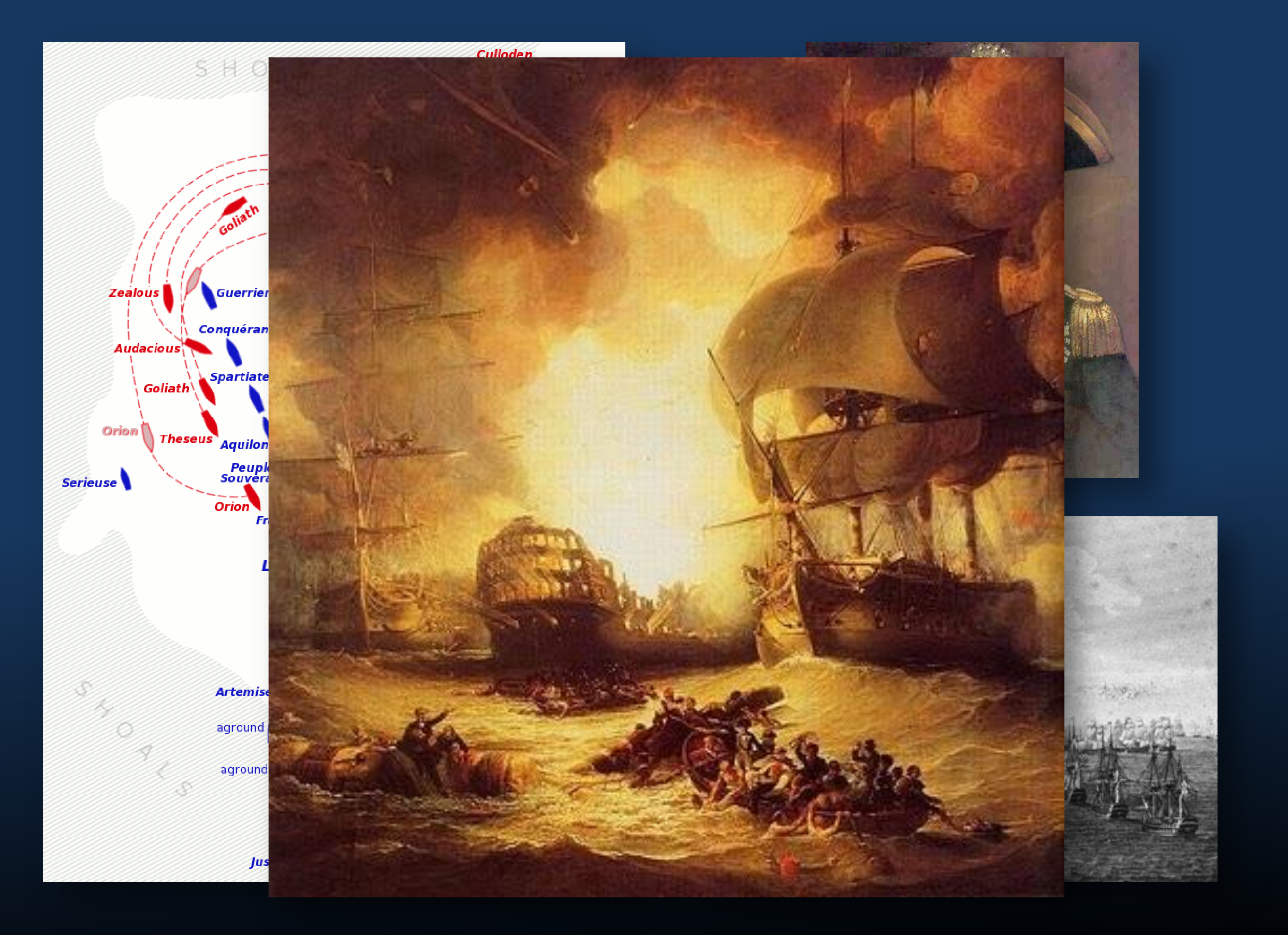


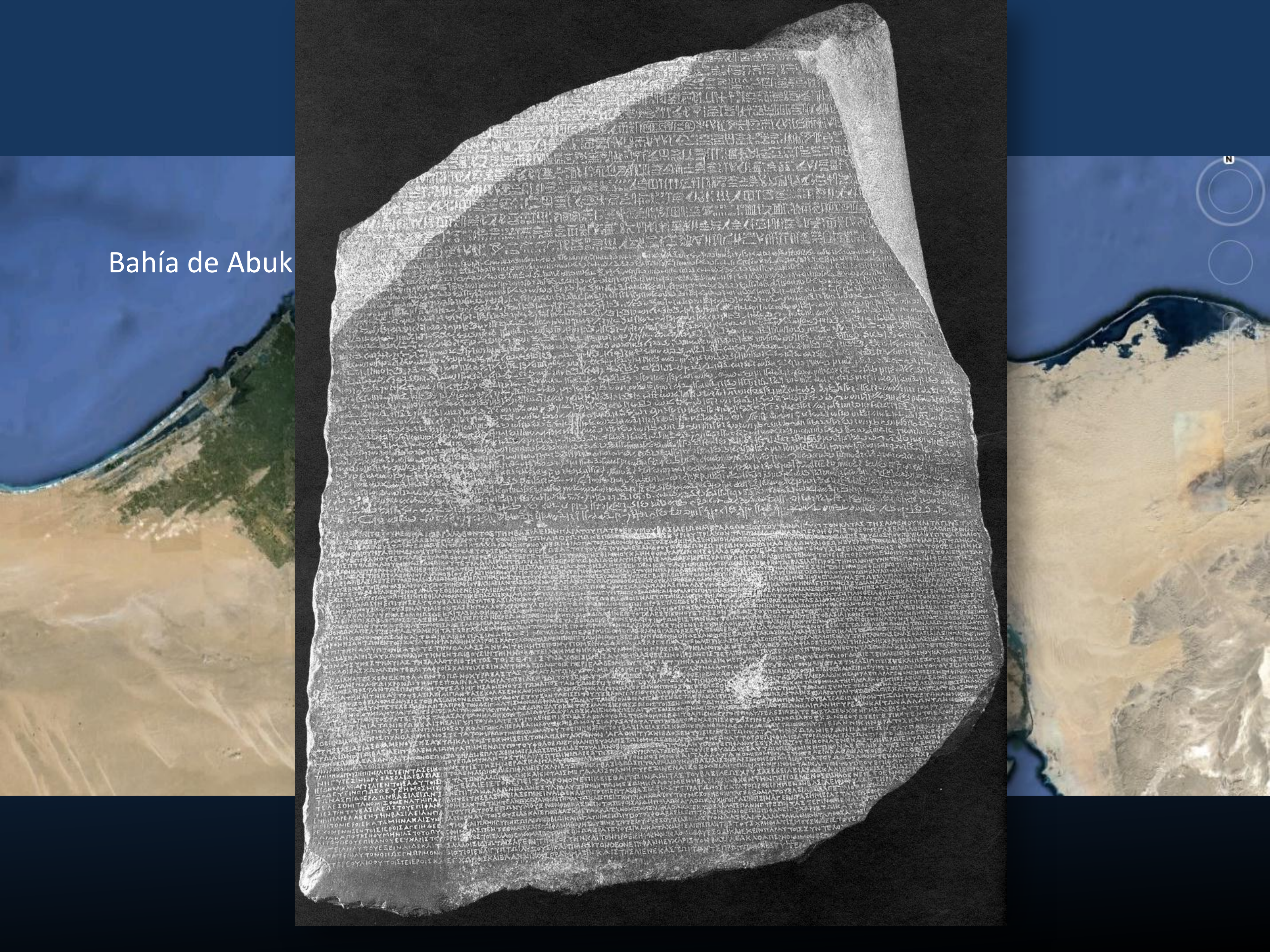


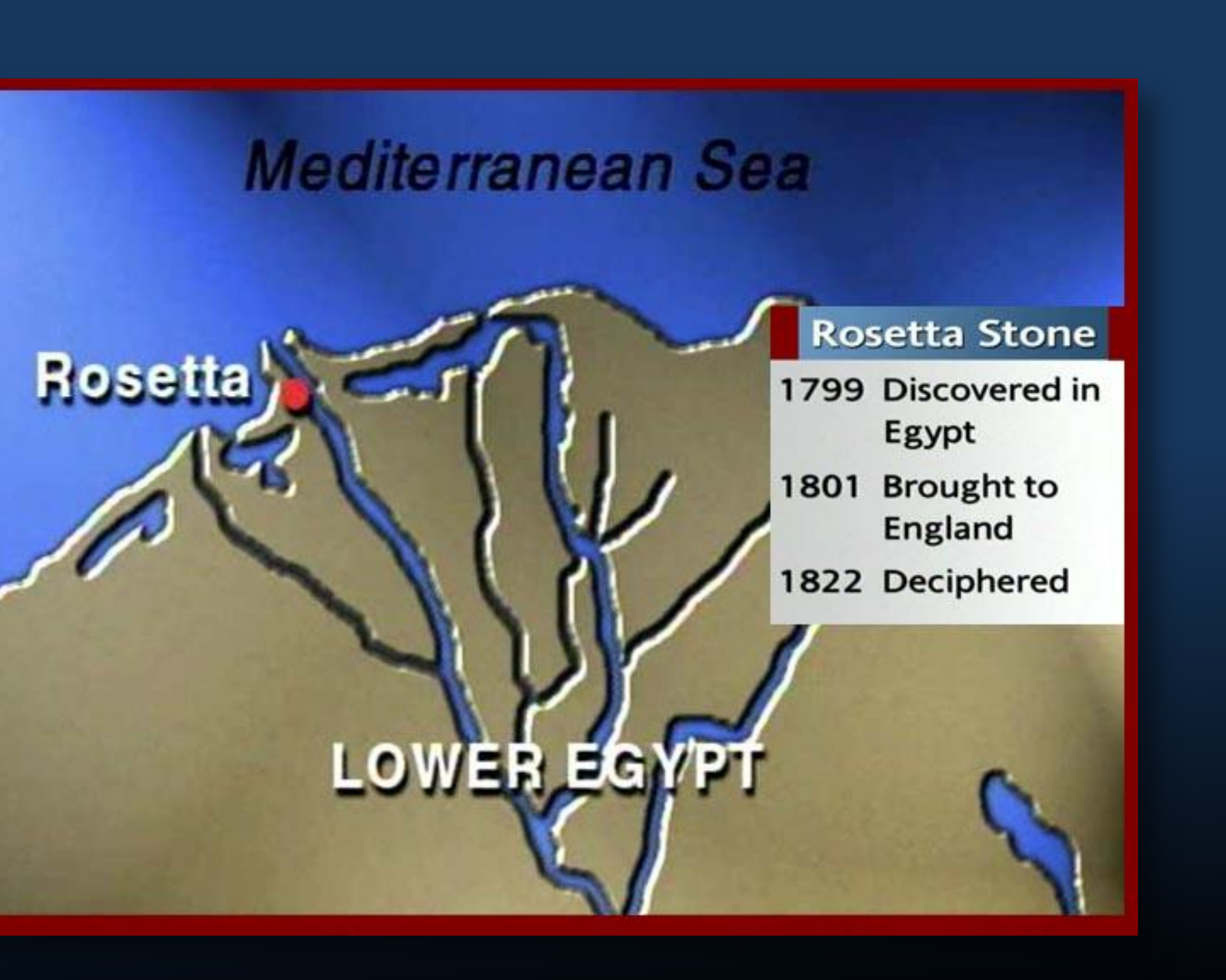
La profecía del alfarero (papiro Rainer, 130 dC)

Los extranjeros que visten cinturones se darán a la destrucción… y el dios abandonará la ciudad que se va a construir. La ciudad que se va a construir se vaciará completamente… la ciudad de los que visten cinturón sera arrasada como en mi horno, a causa de todo lo horrible que ellos llevaron a cabo en Egipto. Esa ciudad junto al mar se convertirá en un secadero para los pescadores porque los dioses se habrán marchado a Menfis. Y los que pasen dirán "esta ciudad, en la que habitaron todas las razas del mundo, alimentó a todos"… porque en el tiempo de los tifonianos el sol se oscureció habiendo brillado sobre el mal…




Culloden
Goliath
Zealous
Guerrier
Audacious
Goliath
Spartiate
Orion
Theseus
Aquilon
Serieuse
Orion
SHOALS
aground
aground


Bahía de Abuk
N



Mediterranean Sea
Rosetta
LOWER EGYPT
Rosetta Stone
1799 Discovered in Egypt
1801 Brought to England
1822 Deciphered



Ancient Alexandria
(1st c. B.C.–1st c. A.D.)
Eleusinian Sea
Eleusis
Tomb of Stratonice
Columbarium
Grove of Nemesis
Heroon of Pompey
Hippodrome
Lageum
Canopic Gate
Old Canal
Canal to Canopus
Pharus (Lighthouse)
Alveus Taurus
Diabathra
Temple of Artemis
Royal Palace
Lochias
Barracks
Portus Magnus
Island of Antirrhodus
Royal Harbor
Juden-viertel
Jewish Quarter
Temple of Isis
Timonium
Small Harbor
Posidium
Theatre
Forum
Island of Pharus
Hepta-stadium
Caesareum
Lake Harbor
Library
Museum
Mausoleum
Paneum
Regia
Gymnasium
Posi-dium
Eunostus
Cibotus Harbor
Alveus Posideus
Shoals
Steganus
Alveus
Rhakotis
Lake Mareotis
Pompey's Pillar
Serapeum
Necropolis
Stadium
1420 yards
(1300 m)
=7 stadia